MANITOBA

ANNUAL REPORT

1983

The Department of Community Services and Corrections

MANITOBA

MINISTER OF COMMUNITY SERVICES AND CORRECTIONS

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA
R3C 0V8

Her Honour
Pearl McGonigal
Lieutenant-Governor
of the Province of Manitoba

May it Please Your Honour:

I have the honour of presenting herewith the Annual Report of the Department of Community Services and Corrections of the Province of Manitoba for the Calendar Year 1983.

Respectfully submitted,

Muriel Smith

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DEPUTY MINISTER OF COMMUNITY SERVICES AND CORRECTIONS

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA
R3C 0V8

The Honourable Muriel Smith
Minister of Community Services
and Corrections

Madame:

I have the honour of presenting herewith the Annual Report of the Department of Community Services and Corrections of the Province of Manitoba for the Calendar Year 1983.

Your obedient servant,

Michael Mendelson

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INTRODUCTION

The Department of Community Services and Corrections is responsible for the delivery of social services in Manitoba. In 1983 these were provided by four basic divisions:

- Agency Relations and Residential Care
- Economic Security
- Rehabilitation, Child and Family Services
- Corrections.

Highlights of each division's activities are included in this report, as well as details of supporting internal and administrative operations.

Organizationally, the Economic Security Division was transferred to the new Department of Employment Services and Economic Security in November 1983. Two new branches, Research Planning and Operational Statistics and Communications and Information Services also were established.

In May, the Review Committee on Indian and Metis Adoptions and Placements, chaired by Senior Provincial Judge Edwin C. Kimelman presented an Interim Report. It called for the permanent restriction on out-of-province adoptions and creation of a provincial Child Placement Committee. The report supported the placement of native children in "culturally and linguistically" appropriate Manitoba homes.

Another report by Judge Kimelman, on Chidren's Group Homes recommended reducing the number of children in care, strengthening support for children in their own homes or in foster homes, establishing a better communications network of children in group homes or requiring placement and working towards strengthening and improving group home care.

The Report of the Review Committee on Adult Corrections, chaired by Graeme Garson, Q.C., released in October, recommended major improvements to the province's adult corrections programs. The recommendations included provision for more community-based corrections programs, restructuring of corrections administration, and improvements to facilities.

In October, the department announced plans to revamp child and family services in Winnipeg by establishing six, smaller community-based agencies sensitive to the needs of children and families as well as the communities they will serve. The restructuring was proposed in consultation with child care professionals, agency representatives and community groups.

Legislation

In 1983, Legislative changes to The Vital Statistics Act, The Change of Name Act and The Marriage Act became effective November 1st.

The Vital Statistics Act was amended to enable parents to choose between the mother's and father's surname for their children.

The Change of Name Act was amended to enable separated women to return to their maiden surnames without having to serve notice to spouses. Another section of the Act was amended to allow parents with custody of their children to change children's surnames when remarrying.

The Marriage Act was amended, eliminating blood tests previously required of couples before they were granted marriage licences.

On October 10th, The Community Child Day Care Standards Act, and its Regulations became effective. The new Act sets out guidelines for safety, nutritional and health needs, space requirements and child-to-staff ratios in addition to ensuring that at least a portion of all day care staff has had child-related training.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION

This division provides administrative, financial and technical operational support services to the operational divisions of the department.

Services include: accounts processing, financial administration, departmental estimates, budget monitoring, payroll and personnel management, computer services, vehicle, office space and equipment management.

Financial and Accounting Services

Financial and Accounting Services processes all departmental expenditures and revenues. This includes processing of all payments made under the Social Allowances Program, and summarizing of related statistical information; maintaining and reconciling output expenditure data from computerized voucher accounting records and special chequing accounts; distributing expenditure reports and maintaining departmental trust accounting.

Other areas of responsibility include:

- Administration of Social Allowances lien registrations, renewals, discharges and collection of related revenues
- Administration of patients' accounts receivable through the Public Trustee and/or federal government, and the control and recovery of such funds
- Processing of all departmental employee payrolls and documentation, and maintaining employee records
- Administration of the Social Allowances Health Services Program by issuing Health Services Certificates to Social Allowances recipients for drug, dental and optical services and supplies; maintaining patient services profiles; processing related accounts and authorizing special services
- Providing statistical and financial data necessary to negotiate various agreements with professional organizations providing health services, and negotiation of those agreements

- Providing pharmaceutical liaison; auditing and inspecting retail pharmacies serving Social Allowances Health Services clients, including Pharmacare, Personal Care Homes and Drug Substitution programs.

Budgetary and Cost-Sharing Services

This branch coordinates a comprehensive fiscal budget support service to all divisions of the department, including the preparation and presentation of the department's annual budget estimates; ongoing budget analysis and monitoring of expenditure and revenues and provision of related reports to departmental management. The commitment accounting system, developed in 1982, has been implemented and this branch is working with divisional management to assure financial accountability for the department. Another major function is the administration of the Canada Assistance Plan cost-sharing agreements with the federal government, requiring compilation of related financial statistics, preparation of claims to ensure maximum revenues and consultation and evaluation of departmental programs with respect to cost-sharing.

Space Vehicles and Communications Services

Space Vehicles and Communications provides services related to the acquisition and management of department program and administrative space requirements, the administration and management of the department vehicle fleet and the coordination and acquisition of telephone and other communication requirements.

The space management program identifies suitable locations, assists in development of office layouts and floor plans, negotiates with the private sector on lease agreements, arranges renovation requirements, coordinates departmental insurance and risk management coverage and employee housing requirements. Central to the work of the Service is to ensure departmental

operations are accommodated in functional space, with maximum utilization of present facilities. The administration of assigned government vehicles requires detailed monitoring of fleet assignments and use to ensure maximum efficiency.

Computer Services

Computer Services provides computer program development, maintenance and advisory services to the various divisions, sections and branches of the department. The service ensures cost-effective electronic data processing and monitors computer program expenditures.

Continual monitoring of all programs is needed to update and maintain effectiveness consistent with changing hardware and software requirements. This includes ongoing liaison with the government's central computer authority, suppliers of equipment and services, the Manitoba Health Services Commission and Manitoba Data Services.

Maintenance and upgrading of current operational systems remain a major function. Activities consist of research and statistical projects from existing data bases, one-time compilations from new or existing bases, and long-term operational programs for the production of cheques, financial statements, and reports for management information systems.

Major computer systems developed in 1983 included enhancing systems for Vital Statistics, the Probation Offender Classification, Child Day Care Licensing, and providing consultation in developing a Child Welfare Registry System.

Administrative Studies Group

This group provides department management with administrative support, systems review and development. It also serves as a liaison between various sections of the department, central purchasing authorities and external departmental suppliers on matters relating to the purchase and supply of operational goods, services, supplies and equipment. It is also responsible for managing the department's records.

Studies are conducted to improve organizational structures, staffing patterns, computer services, systems and procedures, forms, office layouts and equipment evaluations. A centralized purchasing agent coordinates, monitors and reviews all department purchases.

Services are available upon request to all divisions, branches or sections of the department or its funded agencies and other government departments, as time permits.

During 1983, some 30 studies were undertaken.

Projects consist primarily of informational or operational studies which assist senior management in developing and formulating policy or in making operational decisions. Operational studies are used to increase departmental efficiency by developing improved work and paper-flow systems, staffing patterns, workload analysis, office equipment and machine evaluations, and general program support systems. The scope of these projects range from basic form design to the development of large automated support systems. Once study recommendations are accepted, the Administrative Studies Group also assists with their implementation.

Personnel Management Services

The objectives of the Branch are to:

- Deliver a full range of personnel services in the selection and hiring

of staff for the department interpret and communicate personnel policies, standards and practices
- Ensure personnel activities comply with The Civil Service Commission Act, The Human Rights Act, collective agreements, government and department policies and goals
- Represent the department in matters of employee relations, collective bargaining, administering benefits and handling of grievance/arbitration cases.

In meeting these objectives, emphasis is placed on adhering to the principles of merit and equity in the treatment of employees, to provide direction to management in approaching union/management relations, advise managers about equal opportunity employment and offer services consistent with department branches' needs.

During 1983 efforts continued to upgrade the quality of management staffing reports as well as to develop information to assist the department in its planning efforts.

A number of new projects were undertaken including:
- Initial drafting of a personnel policies and procedures manual
- Implementing a system to maintain and update department organizational charts
- Developing a new employee orientation program
- Reviewing performance appraisal forms and procedures
- Implementing staff year vacancy and term employee reports.

Recruitment was limited to filling critical vacancies. There were 69 appointments to permanent positions and 191 appointments to term and non-bulletin level positions.

The majority of these term positions were for casual, relief staff employed at the Manitoba School and at eight adult and juvenile correctional facilities located in the province.

The department maintained an average five per cent vacancy rate throughout the year, with 136 vacancies reported as of December 31, 1983.

Classification reviews were undertaken for almost 300 employees. A total of 138 interventions were made in connection with specific employee performance, including employee counselling, referrals for health and/or corrective treatment and joint consultation with management and union representatives. A total of 39 formal grievances were launched, 32 of which were satisfactorily resolved, with seven going to arbitration.

The branch also planned and delivered 12 seminars during the year involving 119 managers and supervisors in discussions on performance appraisal, staff recruitment and selection, preparing submissions and employee relations.

Vital Statistics Branch

The Vital Statistics Branch is responsible for registering all births, marriages and deaths occurring in the province, as well as for issuing certificates as proof that these events have been recorded.

Other activities include processing change of name applications, correcting records, recognizing religious organizations and registering clergy, appointing marriage commissioners, marriage licence issuers and district registrars and authorizing disinterments.

All activities are administered under The Vital Statistics Act, The Marriage Act, The Change of Name Act and Sections 29-32 of The Public Health Act.

About 3,200 district registrars in hospitals, institutions, health facilities, personal and nursing care homes, funeral homes and religious institutions submit information which is checked, indexed, coded, keyed and microfilmed.

Statistical reports are also produced to provide data base information to the federal government and other provincial government departments. The tables presented in this report represent the total number of events recorded during 1983.

A total of 84,212 certificates were issued for 937 adoption registrations, 345 delayed registrations, 1,753 changes of name, 1,776 corrections, 33 disinterments, 7,800 marriage licences, 395 marriages by banns, more than 10,000 verifications, about 1,000 genealogical searches and 4,861 certified copies (of original registrations).

The Branch's Vital Identification and Retrieval Information System (VIRIS) became fully operational in 1983, enabling staff to retrieve records in one-tenth the time previously required. The system stores information on current year's events and allows for corrections and changes to be made. The Branch is considering expanding its use of VIRIS to store data from previous years which would improve the branch's response time to information requests. Total bilingual service to the public was extended in 1983.

A number of legislative changes also were implemented following approval by the Legislature. Changes to The Vital Statistics Act included giving parents a choice in the surname under which a child may be registered and enabling persons having undergone transsexual surgery to change the designation of their sex on birth records.

The significant change to The Marriage Act, requested by the Minister of Health, has eliminated the requirement for pre-marital blood tests.

The Change of Name Act was amended to allow separated persons to apply for a change of name without obtaining consent of the spouse where there is no legal separation or separation agreement.

Also affecting Vital Statistics Branch were two changes in family law legislation which will allow for Declaratory Orders under The Family Maintenance Act and the elimination of adoptions under Section 101 of The Child Welfare Act.

Legislation Services

This section acts as a resource between department divisions, Legislative Council and the Statutes Branch to review, advise and provide technical support for drafting acts and regulations of the department.
Changes to acts and regulations are also filed and monitored by this office. This work is undertaken for Gazette purposes and also forms a complete, up-to-date library and information service of all provincial statutes, acts and regulations administered in total or in part by the department.

Planning and Research Branch

In September, 1983, the former Program Review and Evaluation Branch and Statistics Branch were re-structured to establish the Planning and Research Branch.

The new branch serves as a policy secretariat for the department. Activities include:

- Coordinating the departmental planning process, including policy development, budgetary priorities and program implementation strategies
- Coordinating departmental Federal-Provincial activities and negotiations
- Providing liaison with the Social Resources Committee of Cabinet and parallel planning branches in other Government departments and
- Providing information systems consultation to meet policy and operational requirements.

Communications

The Communications function was established April 1st as part of the government's policy to develop communications capabilities in each department.
The branch reports to the Deputy Minister and is responsible for the development of all department information programs.

Specific functions include:

- Development of all department communications strategies
- Preparation of all department public information materials including news releases, brochures, advertisements and audio-visual presentations
- Liaison with the Office of the Queen's Printer, the Advertising Audit Office, the Advertising Advisory Committee and private sector advertising agencies and production houses in the development of information materials
- Ongoing evaluation of the efficiency and effectiveness of the department's communications activities, with recommendations for ways to improve communications.

During 1983, the branch handled the day-to-day communications needs of the department. In addition, it coordinated a public information program for the introduction of the new Community Child Day Care Standards Act and Regulations.

AGENCY RELATIONS AND RESIDENTIAL CARE DIVISION

This division has a dual responsibility, serving as the department link in assessing the financial requirements of external social service agencies and monitoring agencies' use of public funds and ensuring, through inspecting residential care facilities, that a satisfactory standard of care and service is being offered.

Agency Funding and Review Branch

The Agency Funding and Review Branch acts as the main departmental contact for primarily nonprofit as well as some profit social service organizations. The branch:

- Reports on administrative, organizational and financial aspects of an agency's operations
- Interprets and implements government funding policies
- Establishes, administers and monitors funding and payment
- Reports to the Minister on the use of all authorized public funds allocated to external agencies.

Residential Standards and Licencing Branch

This branch ensures that facilities provide a satisfactory standard of care to residents. Persons receiving care include the mentally ill, mentally retarded, aged/infirm and children in group care facilities. The branch licenses and monitors facilities taking into consideration accommodation, programs and care standards and assesses rates paid to service providers according to established levels of service.

During 1983, the branch re-inspected the province's 83 children's group homes for compliance with physical and care standard requirements. It reviewed all programs offered in children's facilities with assistance from Child and Family Services and Probation which resulted in a number of service delivery modifications and improvements.

In 1983, there were 42 newly licensed facilities. All adult facilities were inspected in 1983 for compliance with care, supervision and physical requirements.

The branch also operates a Child Care Worker Training Program for staff who provide residential care to children. The program offers basic workshops in nutrition, safety, discipline, counselling and child and program development. Advanced workshops for staff with special interests included cardio-pulmonary resuscitation, sexual abuse, venereal disease, birth control, infant development, values clarification and advanced counselling.

Staff completing basic and advanced workshops receive a Diploma in Child Care. In 1983, 11 child care workers completed course requirements to receive their diplomas. The branch conducted a total of 24 basic workshops and 19 advanced workshops involving 308 participants.

ECONOMIC SECURITY DIVISION

The Economic Security Division is responsible for four major income transfer programs: Social Allowances, Municipal Assistance, Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners (MSP), and the Child Related Income Support Program (CRISP). These programs are designed to assist Manitobans in need by providing basic assistance or income supplements. The division was transferred to the new Department of Employment Services and Economic Security in November, 1983.

Social Allowances

The Social Allowances Program, operating under the authority of The Social Allowances Act, is the largest of the Economic Security Programs in terms of both caseload and expenditures. Together with the Municipal Assistance Program, the Social Allowances Program functions to ensure that no Manitobans lack those goods and services essential to their health and well-being. Field staff located in 14 district offices throughout the province assess eligibility, provide assistance and monitor cases. A central office provides policy and operational direction and ensures consistent policy application and program control through internal auditing procedures.

Assistance is provided to persons in need who are eligible for benefits under The Social Allowances Act, including sole-support mothers, persons with physical or mental disabilities, aged persons, students, children whose parents are dead or unable to support them, persons with dependents in need of special care and unemployed employable persons in areas of the province where municipal assistance is not available. Eligibility may also be granted under special case consideration at the discretion of the Minister. Those who do not qualify for social allowances may apply to their local municipality for assistance.

Further eligibility for social allowances and the amount of benefit received is determined by a "needs" test in which the total amount of a person's financial resources is compared to the total costs of his or her basic necessities as defined in The Social Allowances Act and Regulations. Certain items and income are not included in the calculation of financial

resources. These include liquid assets up to $400 per person to a maximum of $2000 per family, equity in the home in which the person lives, essential personal property and a life insurance policy with a cash surrender value of up to $2000. Also exempt are family allowances, tax credits, small gifts, small donations to persons who require special care and foster home payments for children. Elderly persons are also permitted to retain a funeral plan valued up to $1,000 if the plan is purchased at least one year prior to their application for social allowances. Essential farm or business equipment, a basic stock herd and seed for next year's crop are also considered allowable assets.

Earned income is expected to be totally available for a recipient's maintenance, subject to the earnings exemptions provided in the Social Allowances Regulations. Recipients who are eligible for the Work Incentive Program are allowed exemptions which represent the greater of $50 per month, 70¢ per hour worked or 30 per cent of gross monthly earnings. Those who are not eligible for the Work Incentive Program (i.e. newly enrolled, self-employed, Student Social Allowances, and Special Dependent Care cases) are allowed earnings exemptions of up to $50 per month. Allowances are also made for necessary work expenses and most compulsory payroll deductions. The remainder of the earned income is applied to the recipient's budget, thereby reducing the amount of social allowances granted.

Benefits are paid monthly and represent the amount by which the cost of a family's basic necessities (food, clothing, personal needs and household supplies), shelter, fuel and utilities exceeds its financial resources. Additional assistance is available for special needs. Under a component of the program referred to as Social Allowances Health Services, recipients are also provided with necessary drug, dental and optical supplies and services.

The rates for basic necessities and room and board are established in the Social Allowances Regulations and reviewed periodically to ensure that they are current with actual costs. The rates have been increased annually on January 1 since 1979 to reflect increases in the cost of living over the previous year; the latest rate increase is effective January 1, 1984.

Fuel, utilities and special needs are paid at actual cost while shelter costs are approved within administrative guidelines which are also reviewed periodically.

A major development for the Social Allowances Program in 1983 was the completion of the review of the Social Allowances and Municipal Assistance Programs by the Manitoba Task Force on Social Assistance. The Task Force was appointed in 1982 to review the province's social assistance system which has not changed significantly since 1960. The findings and recommendations of the Task Force are now being reviewed by Government.

The Social Allowances caseload continued to increase during 1983 although at a lesser rate than in the previous year. Increases were especially evident in Mother's Allowance, Disability, Student Social Allowances and General Assistance categories. As in the past five years, approximately seven per cent of social allowances recipients made use of the work incentive provisions offered under the Work Incentive Program.

Municipal Assistance

The Municipal Assistance Program encompasses the individual financial assistance programs administered by the 202 municipalities in Manitoba. Under The Social Allowances Act and The Municipal Act, municipalities are responsible for providing assistance to persons in need who reside in or who are found within their municipal boundaries and who are not eligible for provincial assistance.

Each municipality establishes by-laws governing the rules and regulations of its assistance program, such as eligibility criteria, rates of assistance and forms of assistance. As a result, there is some variability in municipal assistance programs. Generally, however, municipalities provide short-term assistance to unemployed employable persons, persons with short-term disabilities, sole-support mothers who have been deserted or

separated from their husbands for 90 days or less, single-parent fathers with dependent children and transients.

While the administration and provision of municipal assistance is the responsibility of the municipalities, the primary role of the Department of Employment Services and Economic Security is to administer the cost-sharing agreements between the three levels of government. The Province cost-shares financial assistance payments and certain administrative costs with the municipalities according to the provisions in The Social Allowances Act. Municipalities are reimbursed 100 per cent for financial assistance paid on behalf of non-area residents, while reimbursement for assistance paid on behalf of area residents represents the greater of (a) 40 per cent of gross assistance payments, or (b) 80 per cent of gross assistance costs in excess of one mill of the equalized assessment of that municipality. The Province also reimburses the municipalities 50 per cent of the amount that the salaries of staff engaged in full-time welfare work exceed the costs incurred in 1984. The Federal Government cost-shares with the Province 50 per cent of the total administrative and financial assistance expenditures.

The municipal assistance caseload continued to increase in 1983. The increase was especially evident in the City of Winnipeg caseload which represented approximately 82.2 per cent of the municipal assistance cases in 1983 compared to 77.9 per cent in 1982.

Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners (MSP)

The Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners Program provides quarterly supplements to pensioners with little or no personal income.

There are two eligibility categories in the MSP Program. The first is Old Age Security pensioners who are in receipt of certain levels of the Federal Guaranteed Income Supplement. MSP benefits are available automatically to these persons as their eligibility is determined from their application for Guaranteed Income Supplement benefits.

The second eligibility category is pensioners 55 years and over who are not in receipt of benefits under The Old Age Security Act, but whose income falls within a certain specified range and is derived at least 50 per cent from pension sources. The maximum income level at which benefits are available is $6,471.12 for single pensioners and $11,587.92 for married pensioners. These pensioners must reapply each benefit year, which begins July 1. Eligibility calculations are based on the prior year's income unless a significant change in circumstances has occurred. In such cases, an estimate of current income may be submitted.

The maximum benefit available for both eligibility categories is $187.68 per annum for single pensioners and $202.32 per annum for each member of a married couple. Benefits are paid quarterly in July, October, January and April.

In order to maintain recipients' eligibility for benefits, the income levels that determine eligibility are indexed periodically. The income levels for Old Age Security pensioners are designed to accommodate the quarterly cost-of-living indexing of the Old Age Security and Guaranteed Income Supplement Programs. The income levels for pensioners not in receipt of Old Age Security benefits are not indexed automatically. However, these income levels were increased nine per cent by an Order-in-Council for the 1983-84 benefit year in accordance with the level of indexing of the Old Age Security and Guaranteed Income Supplement income levels over the previous year.

The Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners Program has experienced a steady decline in caseload since its inception. The primary reason for the decrease is an increase in the personal income of pensioners from such sources as investments and pension programs (examples, Canada Pension Plan, Registered Retirement Savings Plan, and private pensions).

Child Related Income Support Program (CRISP)

The Child Related Income Support Program provides monthly supplements to low-income families to assist them in meeting the costs of raising their children.

CRISP benefits are available to Manitoba families who:

- Support one or more children under 18 years of age who are listed as their dependents on a valid Manitoba Health Services card
- Receive family allowances for their children
- Have a total income within specified levels.

Wards of the province and Treaty Indians living on reservations or in receipt of Federal Government social assistance are not eligible for CRISP benefits.

Benefits are determined by total family income for the previous tax year, less deductions of $584 for each eligible child, six per cent of the total family income and any maintenance or alimony payments made. Estimated income for the current year may be used when there has been a change in the applicant's situation due to a death, a relatively permanent or long-term disability, a change in marital status, the birth of a first child or the recent immigration of the family to Canada.

The eligible net annual income levels for CRISP were indexed for the 1983-84 benefit year which began July 1, 1983. The income levels were increased nine per cent in accordance with the Consumer Price Index. Families with net annual incomes of $9,181 or less are now eligible for the maximum benefit of $30 per month for each eligible child. Annual benefits are reduced 25¢ for each dollar of net family income over $9,181. Benefits are available only by application, and a re-application is required for each benefit year. Retroactive benefits may be paid for up to six months.

The number of families receiving benefits increased during 1983. Supplements were provided to an average of over 8,200 families per month,

representing 20,000 children. Almost half (43 per cent) of the families were headed by single parents and three-quarters were in receipt of full benefits.

Child Day Care Services

The Child Day Care program has four major responsibilities:

- to license all day care centres and homes in Manitoba
- to ensure their compliance with day care licensing standards
- to provide financial assistance to eligible parents with children attending day care services and
- to provide grants and program assistance to eligible, nonprofit community groups and individuals who provide day care services.

Licensed day care services are provided for children 12 years of age or under in the following categories;

- preschool--where six or more preschool children are cared for on a full or part time basis
- school age--where nine or more school age children are cared for during out of school hours
- occasional day care--where six or more children are cared for on an occasional or intermittent basis (shopping centres, conferences)
- family--where up to eight preschool and school age children, including no more than five preschoolers, are cared for in a private home
- private--where up to four preschoolers and school age children are cared for in a private home. (Homes where less than four children are cared for do not require a license, although an optional license may be issued).

Nonprofit day care centres and family day care homes may be eligible to receive subsidies or grants. Start-up and annual maintenance grants are designed to assist with the establishment and ongoing operation of facilities. These grants are based on the number of licensed spaces, the type of care and hours of care offered and an assessment of each centre's budget.

Day care subsidies are paid on behalf of families requiring assistance and who qualify.

The amounts of provincial subsidy a family is eligible to receive is based on family size, composition, income and cost of day care. During 1983, the exemptions used in calculating day care subsidy were increased by nine per cent.

Each day care centre and home eligible to receive grants and subsidies sets a fee within the maximum established amount allowable by regulation. Centres and homes may also charge parents up to one dollar a day per child above the maximum fee.

The following is a summary of grants and fees available to nonprofit day care centres and eligible family day care homes and of approved increases in child care funding:

- preschool day care -- start-up grant (per space, one time only), $270 (1982, $250); maintenance grant (per space, per year), $870 (1982, $800); maximum subsidized fee, (per diem), $10.35 (1982, $9.50).
- school age day care -- start-up grant, $220 (1982, $200); maintenance grant, $435 (1982, $400); maximum subsidized fee, school days $6.00 (1982, $5.50), holidays $9.25 (1982, $8.50).
- family day care -- start-up grant, $165 (1982, $150); maintenance grant, $165 (1982, $150); maximum subsidized fee, $10.35 (1982, $9.50)

Additional funding is available to day care centres caring for physically and mentally handicapped children. Assistance is provided in the form of grants for staffing, additional start-up costs, staff training and to cover supplementary daily costs.

A major development in day care in 1983 came with the proclamation October 10,

of The Community Child Day Care Standards Act and Manitoba Regulation 148/83. The Act provides for uniform, improved licensing standards for day care centres and homes in the province.

The new standards were developed after months of public hearings and consultations. By September, 1984 all day care centres and homes will be licensed under the new regulations. As well, a number of new types of day care will require licensing for the first time.
Financial support to assist centres in meeting upgraded fire safety standards and new space, equipment and furnishing requirements was also announced.

Social Services Advisory Committee

The Social Services Advisory Committee is an independent committee which reviews appeals from applicants or recipients of the Social Allowances, Municipal Assistance, Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners, and Child Day Care Programs. The Committee informally hears appeals of decisions respecting the denial, cancellation, variance and amount of assistance granted under these programs. Further appeals regarding social allowances or municipal assistance may be heard before the Manitoba Court of Appeal. The Committee also reviews appeals regarding the denial or cancellation of a license or letter of approval by the Office of Residential Care.

The Committee received 418 appeals in 1983, of which 14 per cent were allowed. A summary of the appeals received and their disposition is provided in the Statistical Appendix.

REHABILITATION, CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES DIVISON

This division is responsible for administering Rehabilitation and Field Services, Mental Retardation Services and Child and Family Services. In November, 1983, the Child Day Care Program was transferred into this division while the responsibility for the Employment Services Program and Work Activity Projects was shifted to the new Department of Employment Services and Economic Security.

Rehabilitative Field Services

This executive function is responsible for program and funding direction, formulating and monitoring program policy, standards and guidelines and liaison with other components of the Rehabilitation, Child and Family Services Division.

Human Resources Opportunity Program

Formerly known as Employment Services, the Human Resources Opportunity Program helps those individuals with training or employment who experience continued difficulty in finding and maintaining employment. Specific attention is given to persons receiving, or likely to receive Social Assistance. It is believed that, given appropriate opportunities, disadvantaged persons will not choose to be dependent on public assistance. The Program is therefore preventative and remedial.

Program clients must demonstrate a need for special help in finding employment and be willing to pursue technical or vocational courses leading to employment, or acquire the social skills needed to sustain them in training and employment.

The program draws on the resources of other provincial, federal and municipal departments and the private sector to provide financial and

technical assistance. Training programs at community colleges, private trade schools and in industry are used extensively. Work experience placement in regular work settings is another popular aspect of training. Financial resources provided directly are used to bridge gaps in existing services or to provide services not available through other means.

As of November, 1983, the Human Resources Opportunity Program has been transferred to the Department of Employment Services and Economic Security.

Human Resources Opportunity Centres

Human Resources Opportunity Centres, formerly known as Work Activity Projects provide for those persons who require a more intensive, hands-on approach to counselling and job training.

Centres provide a combination of job training and work experience which is received through community work placements in hospitals, nursing homes, day care centres, private businesses and other regular employment settings. Centres also play an important role in helping participants improve their self-confidence through counselling and life skills training to familiarize them with budgetting, basic banking, problem-solving, communicating, diet and personal hygiene.

A participant can remain in a centre for up to six months. The province has seven centres, located in Winnipeg, Brandon, Portage la Prairie, Dauphin, Gimli, The Pas and Beausejour. A number of centres in 1983 worked with the Department of Natural Resources, setting up work crews as part of the Dutch Elm Disease Control Program.

During 1983, centres provided service to 1481 persons. Of these, 325 remained in centres at year end. Of the 1074 who left after the assessment period, 510 were placed in employment or in training programs elsewhere. Another 191 completed the program and were considered job ready. Of these a number found work within a short period of time. A number of persons were referred to other agencies or services for specialized help.

Centres also delivered other programs including:

- a summer student program for school drop outs
- a driver education program
- a mother's allowance group pre-employment program and
- a Job Club which helped participants develop job search skills and participate in carrying out a job search.

Vocational Rehabilitation Services

The Vocational Rehabiliation Services program serves physically and mentally handicapped persons requiring assistance in gaining occupational skills.

To achieve this, a broad range of services are offered including counselling, assessment, training, financial support, transportation, employment placement, tools and equipment to aid employment and follow-up services. In 1983, 20,771 persons received rehabilitative assistance from regional offices or designated agencies.

Vocational Rehabilitation coordinates programming which is delivered either through the department's regional offices or designated agencies. It develops policies, guidelines, standards and evaluation procedures and also keeps a central registry of handicapped persons requiring services.

Rehabilitation counsellors provide services to the mentally handicapped and mentally ill from regional offices. The Society for Crippled Children and Adults and the Canadian National Institute for the Blind deliver services to the physically handicapped and the Alcoholism Foundation of Manitoba delivers vocational services to alcoholics and drug abusers.

The province also operates three evaluation and training centres and three sheltered employment facilities, two in Winnipeg and one in Brandon. In addition, there are 24 occupational activity centres which provide specialized workshop programs for 1,024 handicapped persons.

During 1983, a number of courses were offered to clients.

- "Career Orientation for the Learning Disabled" was offered to learning disabled students to assist them to improve their self image, work around their disability, develop job finding skills and prepare for possible further training, education and/or job placements. The course was coordinated and funded by the department and held at Red River Community College.
- Seven career orientation courses were offered for post-mentally ill persons
- A series of pilot projects was developed to assist handicapped persons in the Central, Winnipeg and Interlake regions to find work. In Winnipeg alone, 87 mentally handicapped clients were placed in employment situations.

Training seminars were also presented to services staff, involving a total of 293 persons. Volunteers continued to play an important role in assisting clients with their rehabilitation programs. Volunteers work with individuals or small groups, helping to deliver pre-employment and employment maintenance programs.

Emergency Social Services

The Emergency Social Services program is responsible for providing five essential social services to disaster victims when and where normal municipal and provincial services are unable to meet their needs. These are lodging, food, clothing, personal service and registration and inquiry. During 1983, input was given to community flood and forest fire awareness programs coordinated by the Emergency Measures Organization. Food and lodging was provided to about 35 residents of the Little Grand Rapids Reserve and to about 400 members of the Grassy Narrows Reserve who were forced from their homes by forest fires in September.

In addition, the program is responsible for training municipal and provincial staff and volunteers from private agencies such as the Red Cross and the Salvation Army.

Field Services and Regional Operations

This section is responsible for the delivery of a comprehensive range of health and social services from eight regional offices on behalf of the Departments of Community Services and Corrections and Health. Programs delivered include child and family services, community mental retardation services, rehabilitation services and day care.

These are delivered by multi-disciplinary staff teams answerable to regional directors who are responsible for regional operations, staffing, budget expenditures, service delivery and program monitoring.

Regional staff are supported by specialized program directorates which develop program objectives, set standards and evaluate program effectiveness from a provincewide perspective. Close liaison is maintained between the Departments of Community Services and Corrections and Health, other provincial and federal departments, agencies and the community-at-large.

Child and Family Services

Child and Family Services has two objectives:

- to reinforce and strengthen families in situations of distress
- to protect, where necessary, children who are members of such families.

The Child Welfare Act is the legal authority through which the government may act on behalf of children and their families. Services include preventive or restorative counselling, temporary fostering or permanent adoption. These are delivered through five children's aid societies, six regionally-based department offices and two child welfare committees.

Services are provided to five specific target groups:

- families with children who require help because of potential or actual abuse to the children

- children who require temporary separation from their families to allow for treatment and resolution of problems, enabling them to be eventually reunited
- children who require permanent care away from their families, preferably in adoptive homes
- unwed parents, especially mothers under 18 years of age requiring counselling and planning assistance (Help is also provided to mothers of all ages and to putative fathers.)
- persons seeking adoption who are either unable to bear children or who want to add to their families.

In addition, Child Family Services recognizes and supports a variety of voluntary services which promote the strengthening of family life.

The development of Native Child Welfare services on reserves continued to receive attention during 1983.

Under an agreement between the provincial and federal governments, the Awasis Agency of Northern Manitoba was set up to deliver child and family services to Native people living on northern reserves. Similarly, the Dakota Ojibway Child and Family Services and Southeast Child and Family Services have assumed responsibility for child and family service delivery on reserves in south and central Manitoba. Placement guidelines for Indian children were developed with all child caring agencies.

An increasing number of Indian adoption homes were approved and a number of children were placed with extended families on their home reserves. Fewer young infants were available for adoption in 1983, with agencies stepping up their efforts to place older and special needs children, as well as sibling groups.

The Post-Adoption Registry continued to receive a large number of registrations and enquiries from adult adoptees seeking information about their backgrounds and families or siblings wanting to find brothers and sisters.

The number of children in temporary care declined while the number of families receiving services increased. Two-thirds of all children in care are in foster homes, with a trend developing to provide more foster home resources in communities where foster children originate.

The Planning and Development Committee, initiated in 1982 to evaluate child welfare services in the province continued its review. The Committee's analysis and recommendations were influential in the province's decision to establish six community-based child and family service agencies in Winnipeg.

During 1983, an intensive review was undertaken of residential care for children in order to develop alternatives to residential placement, particularly for children under 12 years of age.

As a result, a number of group homes considered to be of low priority were closed. Agencies have been encouraged to develop individual treatment programs for children in care who require special service.
The review process will continue in 1984.

The coordinator of Single Parent Services continued to meet with field staff to better meet the needs of clients. A number of programs were developed including family life education, innovative day care and vocational and nutritional counselling for high risk groups such as teenage mothers.

The Family Maintenance Act was amended so that all children, including those born out of wedlock are now considered legitimate. The rights of single fathers were also broadened, enabling those wishing to be declared the legal father to appear before the courts.

A committee set up in 1982 to review the present Child Welfare Act formulated a draft for a new Child and Family Services Act. The document was circulated among social service professionals, field staff and other interested persons.

The Child Abuse Program continued to develop a more community-based, multi-disciplinary approach to deal with an increased number of reportings of child abuse, particularly sexual abuse. Efforts and activities have been concentrated on program and case consultation, public and professional education to improve awareness and staff development to help them deal with this sensitive problem.

During 1983, the "Revised Guidelines on Child Abuse" were completed by a Special Task Force on Child Abuse which included members from the Departments of Community Services, Health, Education and the Attorney General, as well as physicians, lawyers, police and other community participants.

Other highlights included establishment of the Children's Hospital Child Protection Centre, the parent aid program aimed at helping abusing parents and the "Feeling Yes, Feeling No Project" to improve awareness about sexual abuse amongst children, teachers and parents.

In 1983, the staff training and development office offered orientation seminars, regional workshops and provincial conferences related to staff needs.

Seven Oaks Youth Centre

The Seven Oaks Centre for Youth is a provincial facility designated as a "safe place" under provisions of The Child Welfare Act. It provides temporary emergency shelter and protection for children who:

- Present an immediate danger to themselves or others
- Demonstrate an inability to stay in a less secure setting
- Have no other appropriate or available resource place to go.

The Centre provides a supportive and positive environment for children in care. Crisis counselling to help children in traumatic times was offered.

Cooperative liaison with child caring agencies and placement resources also took place.

During 1983, renovations were completed bringing the building up to required fire safety standards. This allowed only two cottages to be open at one time, resulting in a reduced population. Other child caring agencies and the department's regional offices cooperated by accepting more children for placement.

Mental Retardation Services

Mental Retardation Services provides care, support and training to individuals suffering from mental handicaps. These services are provided according to their individual needs, functioning level and ability.

Community Mental Retardation Services

Community Mental Retardation Services is responsible for meeting the needs of individuals with mental handicaps and their families. The chief aim is to enable persons to remain in their own homes or neighborhoods wherever possible. Programs and services offered include home support, support to schools and day cares, employment services, vocational rehabilitation, developmental day centres, workshops, group homes and community residences.

A number of significant developments took place in 1983.

- Community residences were expanded in Winnipeg, Beausejour and The Pas, providing for 13 additional adult beds and six children's beds.
- Three, eight-bed cottage units were opened in the St. Amant Centre to enable older children to remain closer to their families.
- The population at the Manitoba School was reduced through the development of community alternatives and provision of more family support services.

- Funding was approved for a Developmental Day Centre in Brandon for severely and mutiply handicapped adults.
- The number of clients funded under the Adult Day Activity program doubled.
- The respite program enabled about 300 families to place children or adults in care for a short time.
- Additional foster and private group home sponsors were recruited in the Westman and Parklands regions.
- Training programs were held for 60 community residence staff and 40 day care staff.

The Manitoba School

The Manitoba School provides care and training for its residents to enable them to lead enjoyable, independent and useful lives. Care is provided for the severely and profoundly mentally handicapped. Meanwhile, residents who have the potential to live in less structured residences in the community are given special lifeskills training which can be supplemented with appropriate support services.

Other goals of the School are to:

- Provide residents with the best possible care and training, consistent with available skills and resources, and to involve family members in coordinating programs for residents
- Develop, refine and improve services to meet the ever changing needs of residents
- Ensure ongoing staff development and training
- Inform and prepare society, insofar as possible, for the return of those residents into the community
- Work with community resources and community services personnel in assisting former residents to cope in the community
- Improve the quality of life and safety of residents by promoting improvements to the Manitoba School.

A number of developments took place in 1983 including:

- Upgrading fire and safety requirements in the Southgrove Building
- Completing construction of an isolation unit for infection control in the Westgrove Hospital Ward
- Enhancing the dental program to allow daily visits with help from the University of Manitoba's Faculty of Dentistry.

The volunteer program was once again very successful, with volunteers being provided through the government's Fine Option and Work Activity Projects.
For the year, the School's population declined from 830 to 798.

Family Conciliation Service

Family Conciliation Service, formerly known as Marriage Conciliation Service provides mediation in custody and access cases.

Services include:

- Mediation of custody and access cases
- Home study assessments provided on the order of a Judge, required when irreconcilable legal disputes arise regarding access or custody of children
- Court-related service to the public to assist in enforcement of Court ordered maintenance payments. When the payer lives outside Manitoba, service is provided in cooperation with the Attorney General's Office and reciprocating Courts in other provinces. (At least $1 million is retrieved annually through reciprocal maintenance arrangements.)
- Assistance in the application of guardianship of children.

Major developments in 1983 involved preparing for the increased mandate the service has been given to mediate in all family matters as a result of the new Unified Family Court which comes into effect some time in 1984. This new thrust in providing family court services will enable custody and access disputes to be settled more amicably. In preparation for their new responsibilities, staff have undergone extensive inservice training in family law.

CORRECTIONS DIVISION

Adult Corrections

The Manitoba Adult Corrections Directorate is responsible for the operation of six correctional institutions and two rehabilitation work camps.

The adult correctional system operates to protect society by fulfilling the conditions of imposed legal sanction, and to assist inmates to develop law-abiding behaviour patterns for their eventual return to the community. Sentenced inmates at provincial institutions generally serve a maximum term of two years less a day. However, two-thirds are sentenced to terms of six months or less. This short period of incarceration influences the types of programs offered, with emphasis placed on developing work habits and skills, and providing alcohol treatment, basic literacy, life skills and short-term counselling. Wherever possible, inmates are eased back into the community under supervision, with attempts made to re-establish jobs and home life prior to release. Many adult offenders have well-established anti-social behaviour patterns so that changing their life style will be difficult. Emphasis is therefore placed on improving work and social skills and increasing self-respect.

Brandon Correctional Institution

This facility operates on a modified "living unit" concept with correctional officers involved in providing direct program delivery and security. Inmates' programs include counselling, temporary absences to pursue employment and education, basic adult education, Alcoholics Anonymous and a cash economy which enables them to purchase sundry items with their own money. Year-round indoor and outdoor recreation are also provided.

The Institution maintains a large garden and beehives for honey production, enabling it to serve it's own "needs" as well as supply other local institutions and charitable organizations. During the past year a new root

cellar and greenhouse were built adjacent to the facility to store vegetables and start seedlings in the spring. The Spruce Woods Camp closed as a satellite facility in 1983. However, daily work crews continued to do maintenance work in the park.

Dauphin Correctional Institution

Renovations to the Dauphin Correctional Institution and adjoining court house which began late in 1982 continued throughout 1983. Completion is expected early in 1984. Throughout this period, the facility was able to accommodate fewer inmates, resulting in the use of more community-based alternatives. The Temporary Absence program was used heavily with work opportunities and a variety of educational programs developed along with it.

Headingley Correctional Institution

Headingley is Manitoba's largest provincial facility and offers a full range of rehabilitative and recreational programs. These include counselling, education, alcohol information and counselling, inter-mural sports, Temporary Absence programs and institutional employment. The Temporary Absence program has allowed many inmates the opportunity to be gainfully employed in the community, while returning to the institution nightly; or to reside under supervision in the community in their own dwellings or in halfway houses.

Three minimum security annexes operate in a semi-autonomous manner with correctional officers delivering programs and providing security.

One annex is presently undergoing renovations to enhance new program directives. The main facility is also undergoing extensive changes in the medical and intake units. All construction is expected to be completed by early 1984.

Two disturbances occurred at the institution; in August and October. The latter was more serious in terms of damage caused, but neither disturbance resulted in injuries to staff or inmates.

In September, 1983, the Review Committee on Adult Corrections submitted its "Report on Headingley Correctional Institution". After careful review, many of the recommendations have been implemented or are being studied for future implementation.

The Portage Correctional Centre for Women

The Centre's continuing expansion of its community involvement in 1983 included the "Farm Lunch Program" in coordination with the Farm Workers Association. In this program, foodstuffs were purchased by the Association then prepared and distributed by the Centre. The program provided nutritious and reasonably priced lunches for farm workers, and resulted in a small profit for the inmates' benefit fund.

The Centre also continued to further develop its institutional living unit program and other internal and external programs for inmates.

The Pas Correctional Institution

Nineteen eighty-three was the first full year of operation for the new facility which has space for 58 male adults, four female adults and six juveniles. Cooperative relations are maintained with the local community, involving three inmates in volunteer work projects and community employment. Renovations to their present outdoor skating rink will be undertaken to include lighting for evening recreational skating and hockey games. A number of other programs remain active including counselling, social skills, recreation and Alcoholics Anonymous.

The Winnipeg Remand Centre

The Remand Centre provides living accommodation for adult men and women who have been arrested and are awaiting trial, and who are being detained for further court appearances. During 1983, the Remand Centre was faced with extended periods of high population. This situation also added to the high-population at Headingley Correctional Institution with males in the Eastern Judicial District who could not be held at the Remand Centre being transferred to Headingley. Some persons apprehended under the Intoxicated Persons Detention Act are also held at the Centre. Effective September 1983, the Main Street Project, with its new facility on Martha Street, began to accept intoxicated persons. Expectations are that this Project will become the primary receiving facility for persons detained under the Act.

Planning for a new Remand Centre is underway with a Winnipeg firm under contract to provide a cost and site feasibility study.

Bannock Point Rehabilitation Camp

Bannock Point Camp, located in Whiteshell Provincial Park, is a satellite of the Headingley Institution with maximum capacity for 50 inmates. The Camp operates a small sawmill and tree nursery. Inmates are employed in various park projects such as cutting brush and firewood and maintaining campgrounds.

Egg Lake Rehabilitation Camp

Egg Lake Camp is a satellite of The Pas Institution located 42 miles north of The Pas. Inmates are employed in various community projects such as clearing hydro lines and road allowances. Due to the age of the facility and its structural inadequacies, it is hoped a new facility will be approved at some future date.

Juvenile Corrections

Juvenile Corrections provides short-term remand and pre-trial custody programs, and holds juveniles who are committed by the courts for a more extended period. The Directorate provides care and custody for youths whose behaviour requires them to be held in a restricted environment because they are deemed to pose a danger to themselves or the community.

Staff work with the courts, Probation Services, community agencies, police, families and interested citizens in developing preventative and rehabilitative programs for juveniles within the community.

Programming is designed to meet the needs of youths by identifying specific individual problems and by providing services to help young people accept responsibility for their behaviour to allow them to participate productively in society.

Considerable planning and community preparation has been initiated in preparation for the implementation of The Young Offenders Act in April 1984.

A significant development during the past year was the formalization of a cooperative staff training program with Red River Community College. Juvenile counsellors, working with Juvenile Corrections, are eligible to earn up to 70 per cent of a Certificate in Residential Child Care by attending inservice training programs.

The Manitoba Youth Centre

The Manitoba Youth Centre, located in Winnipeg, is for short-term detention of juveniles. The facility provides care, custody and programming for juveniles who are a danger to themselves and/or the community and who require interim placement pending court disposition or alternative placement.

The centre has eight cottages with room for 120 residents admitted for alleged delinquencies under The Juvenile Delinquents Act. Prior to disposition or release, the detention period is used for assessment, planning and placement preparation. Placements range from a return to the juvenile's own home, foster home or group home or to a long-term institutional treatment centre.

Although the Manitoba Youth Centre is a closed-custody institution, the setting and atmosphere provide as normal a social environment as possible, encouraging juveniles to develop a sense of personal responsibility and motivation. Short-term crisis, individual and group counselling are provided. Juveniles are encouraged to participate in planning group activities and their own educational programs. Individual case consultation is provided by psychologists and psychiatrists through the Forensic Unit of the Department of Health.

Wherever possible, institutional services are integrated with local community resources. Community volunteers are encouraged to become involved in providing activities which cannot be provided by centre staff.

Particular emphasis continued to be placed on improving discipline, accountability and responsibility within the centre. Programs such as drug and alcohol information, work skills, justice system information and a highly structured academic skills program continued to form the basis of resident programs.

A fully developed nursing program, recreation program, woodcraft, resident work and learning resource program supplement resident programs.

Resident population and monitoring systems continue to be revised and improved. A regular weekly review of juveniles held in detention is made by both Probation Services and the Children's Aid Society of Winnipeg.

Doncaster Youth Centre

Doncaster Youth Centre, located in Winnipeg, provides care and rehabilitative programs for juveniles who require removal from normal community contact for a period of time because of serious delinquent behaviour. The Centre has capacity for 12 girls and eight boys.

Programs offered attempt to change delinquent attitudes, values and behaviour patterns by providing the opportunity for continuing emotional, intellectual, physical and social development within a secure environment.

The girls' program emphasizes group interaction and social skills development. The boys' program is highly-individualized to serve clients with very special needs that could not be met in the peer group program offered at Agassiz.

The centre's education program stresses individual instruction, focusing on education, social and work skill development programs. Community skills are also taught in family life education, budgeting, human relations and other subjects.

A number of recreational and athletic activities are available, under the direction of a physical education instructor. Parents, family members and community workers are encouraged to maintain regular contact with juveniles at the centre. Doncaster also makes use of city and provincial resources, volunteers and community services in an effort to develop effective rehabilitative programs.

Agassiz Youth Centre

Located in Portage la Prairie, the Agassiz Youth Centre provides care and rehabilitative programs for up to 80 male juveniles who require removal from normal community contact because of serious delinquent behaviour.

The centre's peer group therapy program uses group therapy techniques as well as techniques specifically designed for delinquent youth. Externally imposed rules and restrictions are kept to a minimum and each juvenile is encouraged to take responsibility for helping other group members as well as to exhibit care and concern for others.

Each juvenile is expected to move into the pre-discharge program at least two weeks before he returns to the community. This is designed as a period of transition for the juvenile, from dependence on the group to dependence on himself and available community resources. In the pre-discharge program, the juvenile faces some of the same situations he will encounter after returning to the community. At the same time, he continues to have the opportunity for problem solving within the peer group therapy program.

A juvenile's discharge from the centre begins with the recommendation of his group and approval by unit staff. Community placement is made by his community agent. Discharge follows after the Director of Child Welfare has given authorization.

All juveniles attend a school program which integrates peer group therapy and educational practices. Groups remain intact both in school and in other programs. The past year saw further advancement in the provision of such services and programs as native religion, gardening, vegetable storage and pre-discharge programming.

Probation Services

Probation allows adult and juvenile offenders to make restitution within the community instead of being institutionalized. For every adult or juvenile in an institution there are approximately five sentenced offenders under community supervision or probation.

The service conducts pre-disposition investigations and supervises offenders placed on probation by the courts under The Juvenile Delinquents Act, The Criminal Code of Canada and The Manitoba Corrections Act.
An assessment at the time of sentencing helps the court in deciding on a disposition that gives full consideration to the community and the offender. Probation supervision protects the public by controlling the behaviour of an offender who is assisted in becoming a law-abiding citizen.

Probation Services coordinates program planning, monitoring and evaluation, budgeting and staffing, ensuring uniform policies and standards. In addition, it keeps a registry of all active and inactive offender files.

Services are delivered by 15 field teams, each headed by a senior probation officer and composed of field staff and clerical support. Field offices are responsible for all direct service functions within their geographic areas. Winnipeg has seven district teams to serve each geographic area as well as a special purpose team. Other teams are located in Beausejour, Selkirk, Thompson, The Pas, Portage la Prairie, Brandon and Dauphin with sub-offices in Morden, Steinbach, Flin Flon, Swan River and Minnedosa. Additional staff are located on some Indian reserves.

Wherever possible, services are delivered within the offender's home community, using community resources. Field officers are responsible for developing services appropriate to the needs of their area.

A number of initiatives were undertaken during 1983, the major one being the province wide implementation of the Fine Option Program. Work continued in revising and consolidating an operational standards manual for Probation

Services. A staff trainer was also hired to help develop training programs. Both initiatives will assist with the implementation of the Young Offenders Act. A computer-based offender classification system became operational in 1983, as the first step in developing a comprehensive computer information system.

Juvenile Probation Services

Police departments in the province refer over 10,000 juvenile cases to Juvenile Probation Services annually. The following services are provided to juveniles in conflict with the law:

Intake Screening. If the juvenile is a first offender, the offence is minor, and full recovery or restitution occurred, the juvenile may be diverted from the justice system without formal proceedings. This is referred to as "non-judicial" disposition. About one-quarter of all juveniles referred to Probation Services are handled in this way. However, juveniles and families may be referred for other forms of service to Child Welfare authorities, or to appropriate public or private services and agencies.

Court Services. On request, a probation officer conducts a predisposition investigation of the juvenile's personal and social circumstances, and provides the court with recommendations regarding alternative dispositions. Judges may also order forensic assessments by a psychiatrist or psychologist. A variety of dispositions are available to courts including such alternatives as fines, restitution and community service orders.

Probation Supervision. Only about 12 per cent of juveniles referred to Probation Services are placed on probation by the court. In addition to supervision on conditions of probation as specified by the court, or individual counselling and family therapy, the probation officer may use resources provided by social service agencies, school systems, and other appropriate services. About 50 per cent of all juvenile offenders are 15 years of age and under. About 10 per cent are female.

Juvenile Aftercare. About one per cent of delinquent juveniles are committed by the courts each year to one of the province's rehabilitation centres (the Agassiz Centre for Youth or Doncaster Centre). Most are supervised by probation officers following discharge from the institution.

Adult Probation Services

Probation provides two types of service to adult offenders:

Pre-Sentence Reports. Upon request by the court, reports are prepared on adults who have entered a guilty plea, or who have been convicted of a crime and remanded for sentence. These pre-sentence reports summarize the personal and social history of the offender and assess the ability of the person to function in an acceptable manner in the community. The report becomes part of the treatment plan for offenders placed under supervision, or part of the classification and assessment of those sentenced to correctional institutions.

Probation Supervision. Probation officers monitor the behaviour of offenders placed under supervision, assisting them in complying with the conditions of supervision, and advising the court if violations occur. Some adults are sentenced to a correctional institution with a period of supervised probation to follow. Probation officers then become involved in pre-release planning, rehabilitation and post-release supervision.

Community Programs

The Manitoba Probation Service has developed a variety of programs to supplement and improve the effectiveness of statutory services:

Compass. Over 150 volunteers were designated as honorary probation officers, providing direct and indirect service to offenders in the province.

Community Committees. About 20 community committees (three in Winnipeg) enable direct citizen participation in the criminal justice system. Most often they recommend alternative measures to formal court proceedings for juveniles. They have been particularly effective in developing victim offender reconciliation and community service order options.

Short-Term High Impact Programs (SHIP). Specific programs are developed in local communities to assist special need and high-risk offenders overcome identified problems.

Placement. With the permission of the court, a juvenile may be removed from his natural home and placed in a foster home, group home or private institution. To safeguard the interests of the juvenile, specific procedures must be followed. Also the placement resource must meet basic government standards. Similarly, adult offenders may reside in a half-way home to facilitate reintegration, generally as a condition of their probation order. Approximately 50 juveniles and 10 adults are supervised in residential settings at any given time.

Non-Judicial Screening. University students and community members are employed part-time to interview and provide basic assessment and referral services to juvenile first offenders.

Remand/Attendance. A field team provides intensive supervision and specially designed programs to a selected number of high-risk juveniles in Winnipeg as an alternative to prolonged detention at the Manitoba Youth Centre or placement in a residential setting.

Community Service Orders. This program is now established in Winnipeg and a number of rural centres and is available to adult court judges as an alternative in sentencing, involving a period of service to the community.

Fine Option Program. With the proclamation of amendments to The Summary Convictions Act, the Fine Option Program began on January 10, 1983. The objectives of the program are to provide offenders, unable to pay a fine,

with a reasonable community service alternative to imprisonment, to reduce the costs related to executing warrants and subsequent transportation and imprisonment of offenders and to promote community involvement through development of Community Resource Centres and work centres. Approximately 4,800 persons registered in the program, completing over 150,000 hours of unpaid community work, avoiding a potential 53,000 days of incarceration.

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MAP OF MANITOBA

COMMUNITY SERVICES & CORRECTIONS
REGIONAL BOUNDARIES

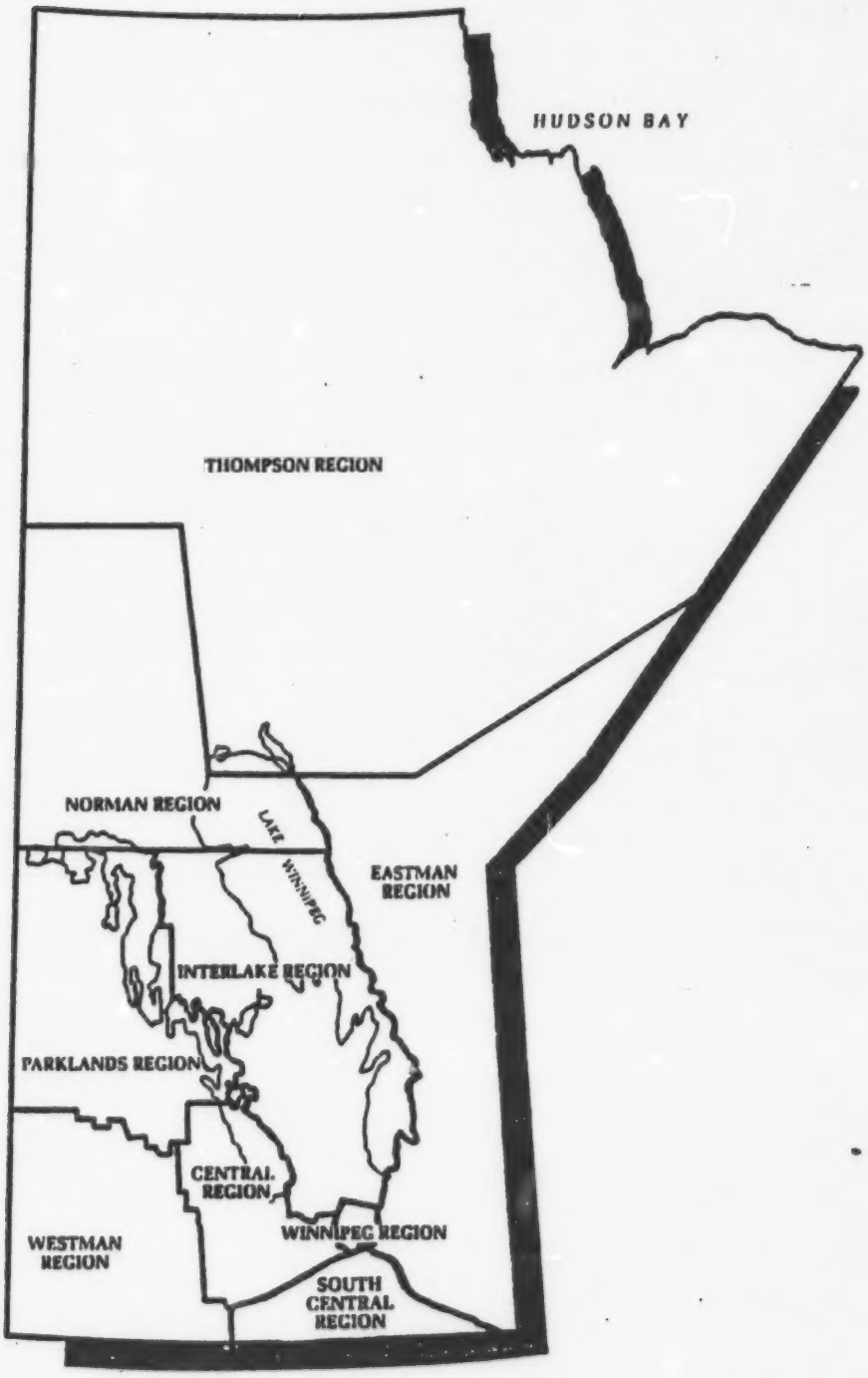


TABLE 1
PROVINCE OF MANITOBA
POPULATION* BY REGIONS AND SEX,
JUNE 1, 1983

REGION	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
CENTRAL	44,980	44,429	89,409
EASTMAN	35,733	33,932	69,665
INTERLAKE	31,381	30,081	61,462
NORMAN	11,179	10,364	21,543
PARKLANDS	22,870	22,131	45,001
THOMPSON	10,866	9,749	20,615
WESTMAN	58,788	59,317	118,105
WINNIPEG	292,019	311,517	603,536
INDIAN RESERVES	24,368	23,245	47,613
UNORGANIZED TERRITORIES	5,922	5,418	11,340
TOTAL	538,106	550,183	1,088,289

*Population estimates as provided by the Manitoba Health Services Commission.

TABLE 1
LIVE BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS & STILLBIRTHS - WITH RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION (M.H.S.C. & STATISTICS CANADA POPULATION FIGURES) MANITOBA - 1981 TO 1983

	1981			1982			1983**		
	NUMBER	RATE PER M.H.S.C. POPULATION	RATE PER STAT. CAN. POPULATION	NUMBER	RATE PER M.H.S.C. POPULATION	RATE PER STAT. CAN. POPULATION	NUMBER	RATE PER M.H.S.C. POPULATION	RATE PER STAT. CAN. POPULATION
LIVE BIRTHS	16,414	15.2	16.0	16,526	15.2	15.9	17,017	15.6	16.3
MARRIAGES	8,121	7.5	7.9	8,269	7.6	8.0	8,255	7.6	7.9
DEATHS	8,683	8.1	8.5	8,536	7.9	8.2	8,538	7.8	8.2
STILLBIRTHS	149	9.1*		110	6.7*		118	6.9*	

*Rate is the number of foetal deaths of 20 or more weeks gestation per 1,000 live births
**Preliminary figures.

TABLE 2
DEATHS IN MANITOBA BY AGE AND SEX, 1983
AND BY AGE AND TOTALS FOR 1982 AND 1981

	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL 1983**	TOTAL 1982	TOTAL 1981
UNDER 1 YEAR	107	78	185	156	200
1-4 YEARS	19	18	37	33	42
5-14 YEARS	30	19	49	56	62
15-24 YEARS	138	38	176	169	221
25-44 YEARS	277	130	407	350	381
45-64 YEARS	944	540	1,484	1,589	1,604
65-79 YEARS	1,952	1,257	3,209	3,155	3,189
80 YEARS & OVER	1,371	1,611	2,991*	3,028	2,984
TOTAL	4,838	3,691	8,538*	8,536	8,683

*Includes 9 deaths whose sex was not recorded.
**Preliminary figures.

TABLE 3
CERTAIN SELECTED CAUSES OF DEATH IN MANITOBA WITH RATE
PER 100,000 POPULATION - 1983[1]

	NUMBER	RATE*	RATE**
1. Heart disease (410-429)	2,809	258.1	268.3
2. Cancer (140-208)	2,046	188.0	195.4
3. Cerebrovascular disease (430-438)	709	65.1	67.7
4. Accidents (E800-E949)	392	36.0	37.4
5. Pneumonia (480-486)	365	33.5	34.9
6. Suicide (E950-E959)	157	14.4	15.0
7. Diabetes (250)	128	11.8	12.2
8. Arteriosclerosis (440)	114	10.5	10.9
9. Tuberculosis (101-018, 137)	11	1.0	1.1
10. Old Age (290 & 794)	14	1.3	1.3

*Rate per M.H.S.C. population records at June 1, 1983.
**Rate per Statistics Canada population count June 1, 1983.
[1]Preliminary figures.

TABLE 4A
DEATH RATES UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE
IN MANITOBA: 1974 TO 1983

YEAR	STILLBIRTH[1]	PERINATAL[1]	NEONATAL	POST-NEONATAL	INFANT
1974	10.6	19.2	10.6	6.0	16.6
1975	10.0	19.4	10.6	5.4	16.0
1976	12.2	21.1	11.1	5.2	16.3
1977	10.3	20.0	11.1	5.9	17.0
1978	10.0	17.5	9.4	4.5	13.9
1979	8.9	17.1	10.0	3.8	13.8
1980	8.5	15.1	7.7	4.0	11.7
1981 -	9.1	15.4	7.9	4.3	12.2
1982	6.7	10.2	7.1	2.4	9.4
1983*	6.9	13.1	7.2	3.6	10.9

[1] 20 or more weeks gestation

* Preliminary figures

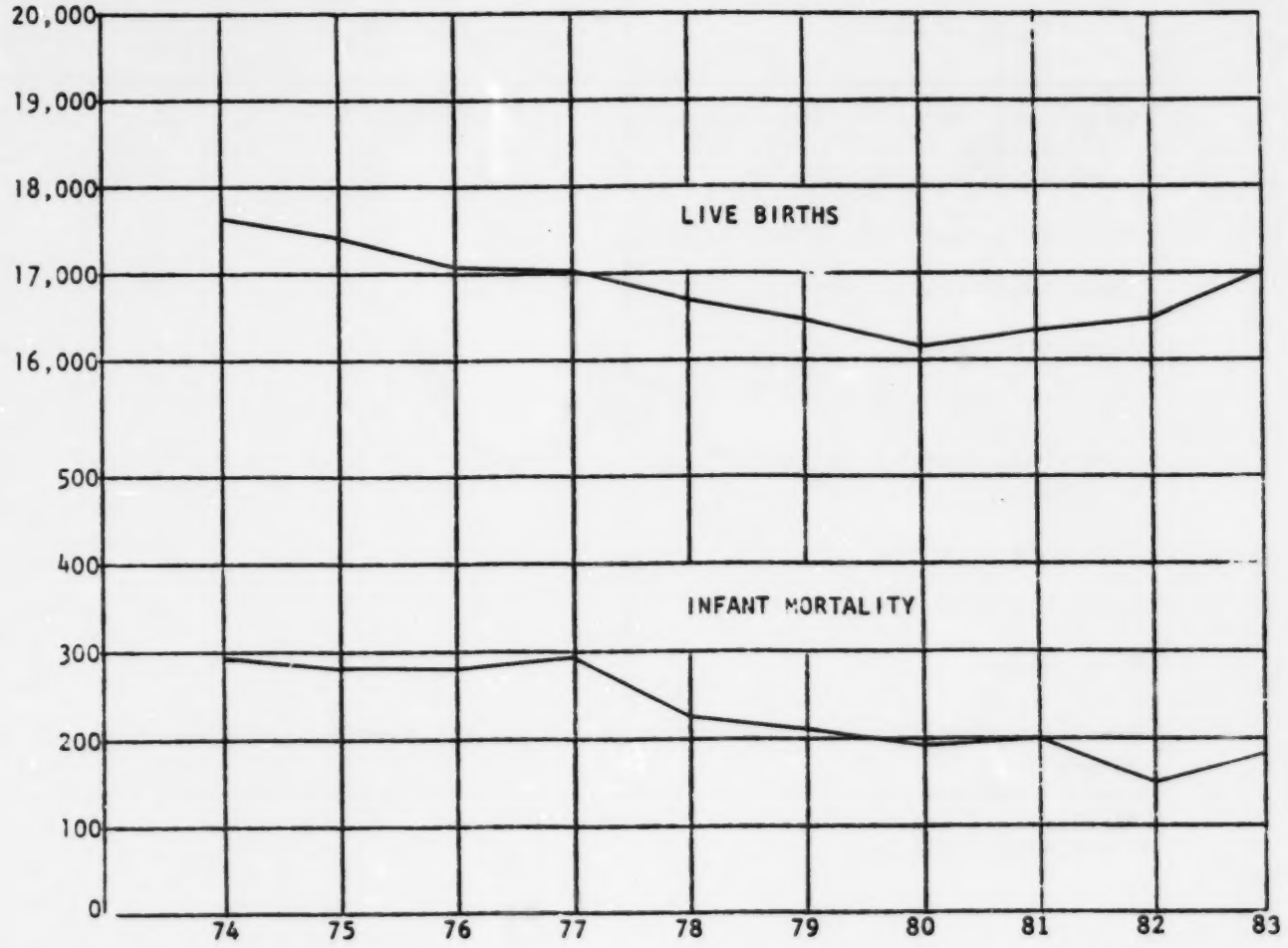
TABLE 4B
INFANT MORTALITY BY REGION OF RESIDENCE
MANITOBA 1981 TO 1983

	INFANT DEATHS			LIVE BIRTHS			RATE PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS		
	1981	1982	1983*	1981	1982	1983*	1981	1982	1983*
CENTRAL	15	13	18	1,463	1,538	1,480	10.3	8.5	12.2
EASTMAN	12	10	14	1,145	1,196	1,163	10.5	8.4	12.0
INTERLAKE	4	4	5	722	749	846	5.5	5.3	5.9
NORMAN	3	2	6	411	406	418	7.3	4.9	14.4
PARKLANDS	10	5	3	586	554	526	17.1	9.0	5.7
THOMPSON	5	4	6	539	458	460	9.3	8.7	13.0
WESTMAN	27	16	16	1,680	1,685	1,697	16.1	9.5	9.4
WINNIPEG	79	72	80	8,176	8,133	8,526	9.7	8.9	9.4
INDIAN RESERVES AND UNORGANIZED TERRITORIES	32	15	22	1,232	1,294	1,366	26.0	11.6	16.1
MANITOBA TOTAL	187	141	170	15,964	16,013	16,482	11.7	8.8	10.3
NON-RESIDENTS	13	15	15	460	513	535	28.3	29.2	28.0
TOTAL	200	156	185	16,414[1]	16,526	17,017	12.2	9.4	10.9

*Preliminary figures

[1]Includes 1 livebirth whose region of residence was not recorded.

FIGURE 2
LIVE BIRTHS AND INFANT MORTALITY:
MANITOBA 1974 TO 1983*



*Preliminary figures for 1983

TABLE 5
DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE
BY CAUSE AND AGE - MANITOBA - 1983**

CAUSE OF DEATH	LESS THAN 7 DAYS	7 TO LESS THAN 28 DAYS	28 DAYS TO LESS THAN 1 YEAR	LESS THAN 1 YEAR
Congenital Anomalies (216.9, 243, 255.2, 270-272, 275, 277, 279.0, 362.7, 425.3, 740-759)	35	3	11	49
Respiratory Distress Syndrome (769)	10	4	-	14
Other Respiratory Conditions (770)	4	1	5	10
Immaturity (765)	28	-	-	28
Injury at Birth (767)	-	-	-	-
Sudden Death Infant Death Syndrome (798.0)	1	4	21	26
Pneumonia (480-486)	1	1	7	9
Accidents (E800-E949)	1	-	6	7
Other causes	27	3	12	42*
Totals	107	16	62	185

*Includes 10 deaths whose cause was not recorded.
**Preliminary figures.

TABLE 6
DEATHS AND DEATH RATES DUE TO ACCIDENTS - MOTOR VEHICLE AND OTHER - MANITOBA - 1981 TO 1983

YEAR	MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS		OTHER ACCIDENTS		TOTAL ACCIDENTS	
	DEATHS	DEATH RATE*	DEATHS	DEATH RATE*	DEATHS	DEATH RATE*
1981	215	19.9	302	28.0	517	47.9
1982	158	14.5	248	22.8	406	37.4
1983	146	13.4	246	22.6	392	36.1

*Death rate is per 100,000 population - M.H.S.C. population records

**Preliminary figures.

TABLE 1
SOCIAL SECURITY SERVICES
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY PROGRAM
1981 TO 1983 ($000)

PROGRAM	1981	1982	1983
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES	$66,476.7	$78,351.6	$93,636.3
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES HEALTH SERVICES	4,955.9*	5,169.0	5,923.9
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE	10,659.6	17,555.0	30,089.2
MANITOBA SUPPLEMENT FOR PENSIONERS	4,076.6	3,590.5	3,252.7
CHILD RELATED INCOME SUPPORT PROGRAM	5,205.8	6,376.5	6,531.8
CHILD DAY CARE	7,812.4	10,599.3	12,959.7
TOTAL	$99,187.0*	$121,641.9	$152,393.6

* Revised from the 1981 Annual Report

TABLE 2
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES
PROVINCIAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AVERAGE
MONTHLY CASELOAD BY CATEGORY
1981 TO 1983

CATEGORY	1981	1982	1983
CHILDREN	431	451	503
MOTHER'S ALLOWANCE	6,217	6,461	7,251
AGED	1,793	1,620	1,479
DISABLED	9,182	9,275	9,558
SPECIAL DEPENDENT CARE	15	13	10
STUDENT SOCIAL ALLOWANCES	447	542	725
GENERAL ASSISTANCE	960	1,108	1,327
SPECIAL CASES	12	13	11
TOTAL	19,057	19,483	20,864

TABLE 3
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES
PROVINCIAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES
BY CATEGORY - 1981 TO 1983 ($000)

CATEGORY	1981	1982	1983
Children	$ 670.3	$ 782.8	$ 990.9
Mother's Allowance	33,304.3	38,879.8	47,411.9
Aged	916.9	1,022.7	1,206.9
Disabled	27,552.0	32,543.0	37,135.8
Special Dependent Care	19.7	15.0	6.8
Student Social Allowances	950.2	1,266.0	1,828.8
General Assistance	2,547.2	3,344.4	4,377.1
Special Cases	236.6	206.6	272.5
Other*	279.5	291.3	405.6
TOTAL	$66,476.7	$78,351.6	$93,636.3

* Other expenditures such as Home Care.

TABLE 4
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES
MONTHLY EXPENDITURES*
1981 TO 1983 ($000)

MONTH	1981	1982	1983
JANUARY	$ 5,926.1	$ 6,067.9	$ 7,982.6
FEBRUARY	5,345.5	7,120.0	8,319.7
MARCH	6,765.0	7,858.6	9,916.1
APRIL	4,776.9	5,149.0	5,679.9
MAY	5,735.3	6,997.5	7,505.4
JUNE	5,673.8	6,386.2	7,954.1
JULY	5,280.3	6,372.3	8,115.9
AUGUST	4,782.9	6,349.6	7,355.8
SEPTEMBER	5,754.2	6,167.8	7,336.9
OCTOBER	5,331.0	6,730.6	7,938.5
NOVEMBER	5,410.4	6,854.2	7,827.4
DECEMBER	5,695.3	6,297.9	7,704.0
TOTAL	$66,476.7	$78,351.6	$93,636.3

*Includes expenditures for Home Care.

TABLE 5
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES
MONTHLY CASELOAD
1981 TO 1983

MONTH	1981	1982	1983
JANUARY	19,256	19,132	20,466
FEBRUARY	19,311	19,289	20,569
MARCH	19,363	19,328	20,716
APRIL	19,266	19,458	21,108
MAY	19,147	19,334	21,118
JUNE	18,970	19,254	20,915
JULY	18,646	19,010	20,512
AUGUST	18,757	19,310	20,597
SEPTEMBER	18,922	19,575	20,972
OCTOBER	18,975	19,825	21,043
NOVEMBER	19,035	20,018	21,172
DECEMBER	19,036	20,263	21,182
AVERAGE MONTHLY CASELOAD	19,057	19,483	20,864

TABLE 6
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES
PROVINCIAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AVERAGE MONTHLY CASELOAD
BY REGION AND CATEGORY OF ASSISTANCE, 1983

CATEGORY	CENTRAL	EASTMAN	INTERLAKE	NORMAN	PARKLAND	THOMPSON	WESTMAN	WINNIPEG	TOTAL**
CHILDREN	26	8	19	15	29	25	40	339	503
MOTHER'S ALLOWANCE	278	160	281	298	365	365	647	4,858	7,251
AGED	231	62	119	51	171	21	189	634	1,479
DISABLED	1,390	459	622	200	605	121	1,207	4,953	9,558
SPECIAL DEPENDENT CARE	1*	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	10
STUDENT SOCIAL ALLOWANCE	24	22	22	39	35	31	51	500	725
GENERAL ASSISTANCE	112	137	71	423	259	282	42	-	1,327
SPECIAL CASES	1*	2	1	1	1	1*	-	4	11
TOTAL	2,063	850	1,137	1,027	1,467	846	2,177	11,298	20,864

* Actual average less than 1.

** The total is based on the average of the total provincial monthly caseload for each category and as such, a total of the regional averages may differ.

TABLE 7
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES:
WORK INCENTIVE AVERAGE MONTHLY CASELOAD
BY REGION AND CATEGORY OF ASSISTANCE - 1983

REGIONAL OFFICE	MOTHER'S ALLOWANCE	AGED	DISABLED	GENERAL ASSISTANCE	TOTAL
CENTRAL	54	-	244	4	302
EASTMAN	15	-	7	2	24
INTERLAKE	34	-	9	1	44
NORMAN	19	-	4	3	26
PARKLAND	26	-	22	12	60
THOMPSON	28	-	1	7	36
WESTMAN	92	2	81	2	177
WINNIPEG	345	1	243	-	589
TOTAL	613	3	611	31	1,258

TABLE 8
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES:
WORK INCENTIVE CASELOAD MOVEMENT
BY CATEGORY OF ASSISTANCE - 1983

CATEGORY OF ASSISTANCE	# OF CASES JAN. 1/83	INTAKE	OUTGO	# OF CASES DEC. 31/83	CATEGORY INTAKE AS A % OF TOTAL INTAKE
MOTHER'S ALLOWANCE	555	894	820	629	59.4
AGED	2	3	3	2	.2
DISABLED	707.	526	628	605	35.0
GENERAL ASSISTANCE	29	82	76	35	5.4
TOTAL	1,293	1,505	1,527	1,271	100.0

TABLE 9
SOCIAL ALLOWANCES HEALTH SERVICES:
EXPENDITURES AND CASELOAD - 1981 TO 1983

	1981	1982	1983
EXPENDITURES ($000)			
DENTAL	$ 1,427.8	$ 1,592.0	$ 1,763.1
DRUGS	3,113.0	3,124.4	3,676.1
OPTICAL	415.1	452.6	484.7
TOTAL	$ 4,955.9	$ 5,169.0	$ 5,923.9
AVERAGE MONTHLY NUMBER OF CASES	18,566	18,731	19,604
AVERAGE MONTHLY NUMBER OF RECIPTENTS	32,387	32,504	34,441

TABLE 10A
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE: NUMBER OF CASES FOR MANITOBA AND WINNIPEG UNICITY - 1981 TO 1983

MONTH	TOTAL PROVINCE			WINNIPEG UNICITY		
	1981	1982	1983	1981	1982	1983
JANUARY	4,070	4,393	7,659	3,128	3,312	6,410
FEBRUARY	4,351	4,832	7,908	3,185	3,473	6,382
MARCH	4,249	4,834	8,294	3,275	3,680	6,906
APRIL	3,919	4,841	8,035	3,013	3,653	6,703
MAY	3,787	4,523	8,081	2,778	3,488	6,492
JUNE	3,411	4,814	7,851	2,506	3,694	6,533
JULY	3,402	4,922	7,607	2,470	3,776	6,247
AUGUST	3,997	5,573	7,626	2,512	4,382	6,354
SEPTEMBER	3,299	5,947	7,572	2,253	4,697	6,146
OCTOBER	3,343	6,233	7,612	2,470	5,059	6,114
NOVEMBER	3,710	6,889	7,937	2,605	5,659	6,500
DECEMBER	4,330	7,627	8,616	3,055	6,115	7,149
MONTHLY AVERAGE	3,822	5,452	7,900	2,771	4,249	6,495

TABLE 10B
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE: NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS FOR MANITOBA AND WINNIPEG UNICITY - 1981 TO 1983

MONTH	TOTAL PROVINCE			WINNIPEG UNICITY		
	1981	1982	1983	1981	1982	1983
JANUARY	7,777	8,164	13,572	5,754	6,036	10,841
FEBRUARY	8,159	8,967	14,381	5,848	6,169	11,068
MARCH	8,179	9,096	14,507	6,003	6,496	11,393
APRIL	7,470	8,984	13,701	5,499	6,434	10,976
MAY	6,836	8,345	13,558	4,930	6,094	10,613
JUNE	6,288	8,651	13,253	4,526	6,475	10,714
JULY	6,284	9,025	12,899	4,531	6,646	10,449
AUGUST	7,032	10,059	12,996	4,660	7,699	10,541
SEPTEMBER	6,324	10,710	13,023	4,401	8,372	10,390
OCTOBER	6,452	11,277	12,942	4,648	8,851	10,263
NOVEMBER	7,082	12,523	13,754	4,987	9,838	10,959
DECEMBER	8,315	13,674	14,952	5,735	10,361	11,960
MONTHLY AVERAGE	7,183	9,956	13,628	5,127	7,456	10,847

TABLE 11
MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE: EXPENDITURES
FOR MANITOBA AND WINNIPEG UNICITY
1981 TO 1983 ($000)

MONTH	TOTAL PROVINCE			WINNIPEG UNICITY		
	1981	1982	1983	1981	1982	1983
JANUARY	973.3	1,069.0	2,283.5	802.0	885.0	1,992.9
FEBRUARY	1,003.9	1,249.1	2,381.3	817.3	1,023.4	1,996.0
MARCH	1,069.4	1,276.1	2,733.4	869.4	1,070.3	2,372.9
APRIL	969.3	1,222.8	2,293.4	807.7	1,050.6	1,949.0
MAY	846.9	1,200.6	2,403.9	693.6	1,056.1	2,059.1
JUNE	795.2	1,222.2	3,650.7	653.4	1,081.6	2,073.3
JULY	764.8	1,253.4	2,088.4	636.7	1,095.3	1,850.6
AUGUST	753.1	1,464.0	2,348.8	612.1	1,295.1	2,059.0
SEPTEMBER	801.6	1,653.7	2,335.6	651.3	1,426.5	2,042.9
OCTOBER	826.3	1,664.7	2,325.5	637.9	1,510.5	1,998.2
NOVEMBER	836.3	1,946.3	2,422.8	687.5	1,783.6	2,095.2
DECEMBER	1,019.6	2,333.3	2,821.8	882.1	2,171.1	2,633.4
TOTAL *	10,659.6	17,555.0	30,089.2	8,751.0	15,449.1	25,122.5

*Totals may not add due to rounding.

TABLE 12
MANITOBA SUPPLEMENT FOR PENSIONERS
NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS BY MARITAL STATUS AND QUARTER - 1982 AND 1983

	1982			1983		
	SINGLE	MARRIED	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	TOTAL
A. PENSIONERS IN RECEIPT OF OAS BENEFITS						
January	15,327	7,700	23,027	13,455	6,264	19,719
April	13,527	6,501	20,028	12,393	5,779	18,172
July	13,591	6,544	20,135	12,463	5,857	18,320
October	13,538	6,396	19,934	12,411	5,733	18,144
Average	13,996	6,785	20,781	12,681	5,908	18,589
B. PENSIONERS 55 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER NOT IN RECEIPT OF OAS BENEFITS						
January	927	855	1,782	861	720	1,581
April	939	824	1,763	913	703	1,616
July	855	705	1,560	843	661	1,504
October	880	698	1,578	877	674	1,551
Average	900	771	1,671	874	689	1,563
TOTAL PROGRAM						
Average # Recipients	14,896	7,556	22,452	13,555	6,597	20,152

NOTE: Single recipients include those who have never been married as well as those who are no longer married (i.e., widowed, divorced, separated).
For married recipients, in some cases both members of a couple receive MSP benefits and in other cases only one spouse is a recipient.

TABLE 13
MANITOBA SUPPLEMENT FOR PENSIONERS
EXPENDITURES BY QUARTER - 1982 and 1983

	1982	1983
A. PENSIONERS IN RECEIPT OF OAS BENEFITS		
January	$ 885.6	$ 779.3
April	789.5	715.9
July	791.8	724.0
October	786.3	714.8
TOTAL	$3,253.2	$2,934.0
B. PENSIONERS 55 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER NOT IN RECEIPT OF OAS BENEFITS		
January	$ 90.9	$ 78.8
April	91.4	86.8
July	77.7	76.2
October	77.3	76.9
TOTAL	$ 337.3	$ 318.7
TOTAL PROGRAM Total Expenditures	$3,590.5	$3,252.7

TABLE 14
CHILD RELATED INCOME SUPPORT PROGRAM
NUMBER OF CASES AND NUMBER OF CHILDREN - 1982 and 1983

MONTH	1982		1983	
	NUMBER OF CASES	NUMBER OF CHILDREN	NUMBER OF CASES	NUMBER OF CHILDREN
JANUARY	8,017	20,279	8,342	20,745
FEBRUARY	8,243	20,745	8,487	21,029
MARCH	8,500	21,338	8,686	21,421
APRIL	8,718	21,816	8,824	21,640
MAY	8,923	22,296	8,978	21,888
JUNE	9,076	22,590	9,170	22,223
JULY	4,876	12,548	5,187	12,545
AUGUST	6,634	17,044	7,295	17,832
SEPTEMBER	7,192	18,411	7,839	19,031
OCTOBER	7,586	19,278	8,314	20,035
NOVEMBER	7,916	19,946	8,589	20,522
DECEMBER	8,175	20,454	8,857	21,090
AVERAGE	7,821	19,729	8,214	20,000

TABLE 15
CHILD RELATED INCOME SUPPORT PROGRAM
NUMBER OF CASES BY FAMILY TYPE AND MONTH - 1982 and 1983

MONTH	1982		1983	
	SINGLE PARENT	TWO PARENT	SINGLE PARENT	TWO PARENT
JANUARY	3,158	4,859	3,509	4,833
FEBRUARY	3,266	4,977	3,570	4,917
MARCH	3,395	5,105	3,658	5,028
APRIL	3,506	5,212	3,708	5,116
MAY	3,601	5,322	3,771	5,207
JUNE	3,680	5,396	3,875	5,295
JULY	2,102	2,774	2,419	2,768
AUGUST	2,778	3,856	3,121	4,174
SEPTEMBER	2,981	4,211	3,363	4,476
OCTOBER	3,168	4,418	3,564	4,750
NOVEMBER	3,337	4,579	3,674	4,915
DECEMBER	3,453	4,722	3,793	5,064
AVERAGE	3,202	4,619	3,502	4,712

TABLE 16
CHILD RELATED INCOME SUPPORT PROGRAM
MONTHLY EXPENDITURES AND AVERAGE MONTHLY PAYMENT - 1982 and 1983

MONTH	1982		1983	
	EXPENDITURES ($000)	AVERAGE* MONTHLY PAYMENT	EXPENDITURES ($000)	AVERAGE* MONTHLY PAYMENT
JANUARY	$ 554.6	$62.47	$ 543.1	$62.17
FEBRUARY	547.5	62.04	549.7	62.02
MARCH	572.1	61.96	564.1	61.71
APRIL	577.9	61.86	566.8	61.40
MAY	591.9	61.85	573.1	61.05
JUNE	584.9	61.67	582.0	60.73
JULY	308.5	63.26	328.7	63.63
AUGUST	526.7	63.74	561.4	63.34
SEPTEMBER	512.4	63.63	533.7	62.99
OCTOBER	520.0	63.32	574.5	62.69
NOVEMBER	533.1	62.86	565.2	62.17
DECEMBER	546.9	62.47	589.5	61.96
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	$ 6,376.5		$ 6,531.8	

* Average monthly payment does not include benefits paid retroactively.

TABLE 17
CHILD DAY CARE PROGRAM
NUMBER OF SUBSIDIZED CHILDREN BY MONTH - 1983

MONTH	PRESCHOOL GROUP CENTRES	NOON AND AFTER SCHOOL CENTRES	FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES	TOTAL NUMBER SUBSIDIZED
JANUARY	2,284	575	697	3,556
FEBRUARY	2,340	594	682	3,616
MARCH	2,498	583	704	3,785
APRIL	2,415	597	708	3,720
MAY	2,485	609	708	3,802
JUNE	2,611	601	703	3,915
JULY	2,370	717	696	3,783
AUGUST	2,006	571	561	3,138
SEPTEMBER	2,367	829	751	3,947
OCTOBER	2,467	757	783	4,007
NOVEMBER	2,525	760	818	4,103
DECEMBER	2,554	739	784	4,077

TABLE 18
CHILD DAY CARE PROGRAM
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES
BY TYPE OF DAY CARE SERVICE ($000'S) - 1983

MONTH	PRESCHOOL GROUP CENTRES	NOON AND AFTER SCHOOL CENTRES	FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES	GROUP DAY CARE HOME	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENDITURES
JANUARY	$ 696.7	$ 141.3	$ 79.4	$ -	$ 917.4
FEBRUARY	657.1	118.3	132.0	1.8	909.2
MARCH	759.9	131.0	176.3	.6	1,067.8
APRIL	736.0	117.5	111.3	.5	965.3
MAY	721.1	139.6	118.6	.7	980.0
JUNE	875.9	148.6	142.3	.8	1,167.6
JULY	750.1	128.4	80.5	.3	959.3
AUGUST	1,024.6	178.2	87.8	1.6	1,292.2
SEPTEMBER	735.0	149.5	147.8	1.0	1,033.3
OCTOBER	909.9	222.9	128.7	1.2	1,262.7
NOVEMBER	918.5	144.9	125.0	1.2	1,189.6
DECEMBER	928.4	152.7	133.3	.9	1,215.3
TOTAL	$9,713.2	$1,772.9	$1,463.0	$10.6	$12,959.7

TABLE 19
CHILD DAY CARE PROGRAM
PROVINCIALLY FUNDED DAY CARE CENTRES AND HOMES
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1983

REGION	DAY CARE CENTRES					DAY CARE HOMES				TOTAL	
	NUMBER OF CENTRES	NUMBER OF SPACES BY TYPE OF CARE			TOTAL SPACES	GROUP DAY CARE HOMES		FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES		NUMBER OF FACILITIES	NUMBER OF SPACES
		FULL TIME PRESCHOOL	PART TIME PRESCHOOL	SCHOOL AGE		NUMBER OF HOMES	NUMBER OF SPACES	NUMBER OF HOMES	NUMBER OF SPACES		
WINNIPEG	138	2,992	733	1,483	5,208	-	-	149*	597	287	5,805
WESTMAN	28	217	355	68	640	1	10	62	325	91	975
EASTMAN	17	189	116	61	366	-	-	4	19	21	385
CENTRAL	12	187	123	35	345	-	-	7	33	19	378
SOUTH/ CENTRAL	10	170	53	9	232	-	-	9	49	19	281
INTERLAKE	14	217	106	5	328	-	-	16	74	30	402
PARKLANDS	11	100	110	24	234	-	-	7	30	18	264
NORMAN	7	132	65	-	197	-	-	7	35	14	232
THOMPSON	11	226	105	55	386	-	-	3	17	14	403
TOTAL	248	4,430	1,766	1,740	7,936	1	10	264	1,179	513	9,125

* Includes 49 homes and 148 spaces administered by Family Services of Winnipeg.

TABLE 20
CHILD DAY CARE PROGRAM
NON-FUNDED DAY CARE CENTRES AND HOMES
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1983

REGION	DAY CARE CENTRES						DAY CARE HOMES						TOTAL	
	NUMBER OF CENTRES	NUMBER OF SPACES BY TYPE OF CARE				TOTAL SPACES	GROUP DAY CARE HOME		FAMILY DAY CARE HOME		PRIVATE HOME DAY CARE		NUMBER OF FACILITIES	NUMBER OF SPACES
		FULL TIME PRESCHOOL	PART TIME PRESCHOOL	SCHOOL AGE	OCCASSIONAL DAY CARE		NUMBER OF HOMES	NUMBER OF SPACES	NUMBER OF HOMES	NUMBER OF SPACES	NUMBER OF HOMES	NUMBER OF SPACES		
WINNIPEG	85	1,046	1,702	222	40	3,010	1	10	-	-	-	-	86	3,020
WESTMAN	10	61	97	-	-	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	158
EASTMAN	3	17	36	3	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	56
CENTRAL	10	-	178	-	-	178	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	178
SOUTH/ CENTRAL	6	-	89	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	89
INTERLAKE	5	-	107	-	-	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	107
PARKLANDS	4	-	71	-	-	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	71
NORMAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
THOMPSON	2	-	40	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	40
TOTAL	125	1,124	2,320	225	40	3,709	1	10	-	-	-	-	126	3,719

TABLE 21
SOCIAL SERVICES ADVISORY COMMITTEE
APPEALS RECEIVED BY BASIS OF APPEAL
AND DISPOSITION - 1982 AND 1983

BASIS OF APPEAL	APPEALS RECEIVED		DISPOSITION									
			ALLOWED		DISMISSED		WITHDRAWN		DID NOT APPEAR		OTHER	
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
NOT ALLOWED TO APPLY	5	3	-	1	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-
DECISION DELAYED	7	7	1	3	2	3	4	1	-	-	-	-
APPLICATION DENIED	96[1]	124	12	14	37	66	36	31	8	13	1	-
ASSISTANCE CANCELLED	110[1]	160	20	23	47	84	36	35	5	17	-	1
ASSISTANCE INSUFFICIENT	93	124	25	18	41	63	18	36	8	7	1	-
TOTAL	311[2]	418[3]	58	59	130	217	96	104	21	37	2	1

[1] Includes 2 cases initially categorized as "Pending" for which a "Disposition" was not identified.
[2] In addition, there were 23 appeals outside the jurisdiction of the Committee.
[3] In addition, there were 32 appeals outside the jurisdiction of the Committee.

NOTE: The Social Services Advisory Committee reviews appeals concerning the Social Allowances, Municipal Assistance, Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners and Child Day Care programs.

TABLE 1
PROVINCIAL PERSONAL SERVICES CASELOAD
BY REGIONAL OFFICE AND CATEGORY - DECEMBER 1983

CASE CATEGORY	CENTRAL	EASTMAN	INTERLAKE[1]	NORMAN[3]	PARKLAND[2]	THOMPSON[3]	WESTMAN	WINNIPEG	TOTAL
CHILD WELFARE*	-	191	446	266	553	614	-	613	2,683
- UNMARRIED MOTHER	-	2	32	5	27(10)	42(1)	-	55	163
- CHILDREN UNDER DIRECT SUPERVISION	-	38	134(37)	132(39)	226(35)	256(77)	-	136	922
- PROTECTION (FAMILIES)	-	111	233(46)	89	235(85)	264(67)	-	329	1,261
- ADOPTION APPLICATIONS	-	40	47	40(1)	65(3)	52	-	93	337
FAMILY AND INDIVIDUAL COUNSELLING	-	76	20	21	10	91	213	1,156	1,587
- AGED AND INFIRM	-	-	1	-	-	-	33	36	70
- OTHERS	-	76	19	21	10	91	180	1,120	1,517
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION SERVICES	328	187	139	47	142	36	307	1,043	2,229
- MENTALLY RETARDED	257	167	107	24	120	11	226	660	1,572
- POST MENTALLY ILL	34	15	24	7	11	10	76	348	525
- OTHERS	37	5	8	16	11	15	5	35	132
TOTAL	328	454	605	334	705	741	520	2,812	6,499

1 Includes children and families from Anishinaabe Tribal Council (shown in parentheses).
2 Includes children and families from West Region Tribal Council (shown in parentheses).
3 Includes children and families from AMASIS Agency (shown in parentheses).
* Excludes Children's Aid Societies.

TABLE 2
NUMBER OF CHILDREN BY PRESENT STATUS
WHO HAVE BEEN PLACED* BY REPORTING AGENCY
(AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1983 AND TOTALS FOR 1982 & 1981)

	WARDS	T.C.P.**	OTHER	TOTAL AT DEC 31/83	TOTAL AT DEC 31/82	TOTAL AT DEC 31/81
EASTMAN	30	6	2	38	60	88
INTERLAKE[1]	88(24)	43(12)	3(1)	134(37)	114(19)	138
PARKLAND[2]	171(19)	38(16)	17	226(35)	215(10)	190
NORMAN[3]	83(26)	34(13)	15	132(39)	111	126
THOMPSON[3]	237(73)	16(4)	3	256(77)	227	239
WINNIPEG	104	28	4	136	156	165
TOTAL REGIONAL OFFICES	713	165	44	922	900	946
C.A.S. CENTRAL	128	28	5	161	174	171
C.A.S. EASTERN	114	47	3	164	181	206
C.A.S. WESTERN	229	38	5	272	331	332
C.A.S. WINNIPEG	1,008	159	57	1,224	1,212	1,299
JEWISH CHILD & FAMILY SERVICES	13	2	-	15	21	21
DAKOTA OJIBWAY CHILD & FAM. SER.	75	28	5	108	85	-
SOUTHEAST CHILD & FAMILY SERVICES	21	8	1	30	17	-
TOTAL	2,301	475	120	2,896	2,904	2,975

* Placed - Placements other than the home of the child's parents or persons in whose care the child was.

** T.C.P. - Temporary contract placement.

1 Includes children from Anishinaabe Tribal Council (shown in parentheses).

2 Includes children from West Region Tribal Council (shown in parentheses).

3 Includes children from AWASIS Agency (shown in parentheses).

TABLE 3
NUMBER OF CHILDREN BY PLACEMENT
WHO HAVE BEEN PLACED[1] BY REPORTING AGENCY (AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1983)

AGENCY/REGION / PLACEMENT	REGIONS						CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETIES				JEWISH CHILD & F.S.	DAKOTA OJIBWAY C.&F.S.	SOUTHEAST CHILD & F.S.	TOTAL
	EASTMAN	INTERLAKE[1]	PARKLAND[2]	NORMAN[3]	THOMPSON[3]	WINNIPEG	CENTRAL	EASTERN	WESTERN	WINNIPEG				
REGULAR RATE FOSTER HOME	18	84(30)	127(27)	73(36)	110(45)	27	73	62	97	398	-	82	17	1,168
SPECIAL RATE FOSTER HOME	7	9(5)	13(2)	13(3)	17	29	30	22	31	69	-	5	3	248
SUPPORT HOME	1	-	-	4	8(1)	1	-	2	-	12	-	-	-	28
PRIVATE GROUP HOME	-	9	11	10(1)	30(2)	10	4	7	13	120	3	-	-	217
OWN AGENCY GROUP HOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	28	82	8	-	-	120
OWN AGENCY RELIEVING HOME	-	-	1	-	3(1)	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	48
EMERGENCY/SHELTER FACILITY	-	-	4(4)	-	4(6)	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	12
OTHER FACILITIES	-	2(1)	7	1	25	15	4	18	22	117	-	-	-	211
MATERNITY HOME	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	7
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS IN MANITOBA	1	8	3	11(1)	14(2)	17	5	6	2	90	1	-	-	158
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS OUTSIDE MANITOBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	6
TOTAL PAY CARE	27	112(36)	168(33)	112(39)	211(57)	101	117	119	193	942	12	87	20	2,223
SELECTED ADOPTION PROBATION	8	9	6	7	13	10	34	19	26	62	2	-	5	201
NON-PAY CARE INSTITUTIONS	3	13(1)	52(2)	13	32(20)	23	10	26	53	220	1	21	5	472
TOTAL NON-PAY CARE	11	22(1)	58(2)	20	45(20)	33	44	45	79	282	3	21	10	673
TOTAL PAY AND NON-PAY CARE	38	134(37)	226(35)	132(39)	256(77)	136	161	164	272	1,224	15	108	30	2,896
ADOPTIONS														
AGENCY WARDS PLACED FOR ADOPTION DURING 1983	-	3	4	6	6	21	12	14	21	151	-	-	-	238

1. Includes children from Anishinaabe Child and Family Services (shown in parentheses).
2. Includes children from West Region Child and Family Services (shown in parentheses).
3. Includes children from NORTHS Agency (shown in parentheses).

TABLE 4
SEVEN OAKS CENTRE FOR YOUTH
CASECOUNT - JANUARY 1, 1983 TO DECEMBER 31, 1983

	BOY'S UNIT	GIRL'S UNIT	TOTAL
# OF CHILDREN RESIDENT AT JANUARY 1, 1983	37	34	71
# OF ADMISSIONS	310	456	766
# OF DISCHARGES	333	468	801
# OF CHILDREN RESIDENT AT DECEMBER 31, 1983	14	22	36

TABLE 5
REPORT ON PHYSICALLY ABUSED CHILDREN IN MANITOBA:
BY SOURCE, AGE AND SEX OF CHILD, DESCRIPTION OF TRAUMA
AND ALLEGED ABUSER, ABUSER'S SEX AND AGE, DISPOSITION OF CHILDREN AND
ALLEGED ABUSER: 1979 TO 1983

	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Source[1]					
Agencies:	134	168	246	312	469
C.A.S. Central	24	22	17	25	39
C.A.S. Eastern	1	8	13	6	25
C.A.S. Western	13	23	20	36	41
C.A.S. Winnipeg	96	115	193	240	346
Churchill Health Centre	-	-	3	1	-
Dakota Ojibway Child & Family Ser.	-	-	-	4	5
Southeast Child & Family Services	-	-	-	-	7
Assaia Agency	-	-	-	-	2
West Region Child & Family Ser.	-	-	-	-	4
Regional Offices:	81	68	84	90	109
Winnipeg	15	6	12	16	19
Eastman	5	10	12	6	6
Interlake	17	10	10	11	14
Norman	6	4	8	9	16
Parkland	12	16	18	24	23
Thompson	26	22	24	24	31
TOTAL	215	236	330	402	578
Age of Child					
Under 1 year	14	14	15	13	28
1-3 years	56	59	67	84	89
4-10 years	112	81	123	160	216
11-15 years	22	67	95	108	192
16 and over	11	15	30	37	53
TOTAL	215	236	330	402	578
Sex of Child					
Male	86	89	119	136	189
Female	129	147	211	246	389
TOTAL	215	236	330	402	578
Trauma					
Death	-	1	3	2	2
Fractures	17	15	10	13	19
Burns	13	13	13	25	16
Bruises and Welts	114	125	162	186	246
Sexual Abuse	38	51	104	113	199
Rape	4	5	6	4	6
Other[2]	29	26	32	59	90
TOTAL	215	236	330	402	578
Alleged Abuser (Cases)					
Father	69	71	105	129	223
Mother	44	59	88	101	129
Both Parents	19	10	24	18	30
Common-law Spouse	21	18	23	49	49
Unknown	12	21	17	21	29
Other[3]	50	57	73	78	126
Foster Parent	-	-	-	6	11
TOTAL	215	236	330	402	597[4]
Sex of Abusers[5]					
Male	N/A	152	201	242	409
Female	N/A	78	112	118	187
Unknown	N/A	16	17	22	31
Both	N/A	-	-	20	-

CONTINUED:

TABLE 5 (CONTINUED):

	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Age of Abusers*					
0-13	N/A	-	5	6	13
14-20	N/A	17	25	30	58
21-30	N/A	87	98	122	178
31-50	N/A	95	128	181	302
51-81	N/A	17	16	20	35
Unknown	N/A	30	74	43	41
Disposition of Children					
Non-Ward Care	10	19	19	37	61
Temporary Guardianship	22	37	41	71	101
Permanent Guardianship	11	9	16	12	14
Investigation Only[4]	35	58	105	164	216
Further Investigation Pending[5]	10	14	49	30	20
Child's Home Under Agency Supervision	107	98	97	86	164
Deceased	-	1	3	2	2
TOTAL	215	236	330	402	578
Disposition of Alleged Abuser					
Receiving Agency Therapeutic Services	N/A	N/A	214	217	277
Criminal Court Proceedings	N/A	N/A	72	73	102
Investigation Only[4]	N/A	N/A	44	112	169
Further Investigation Pending[5]	N/A	N/A	-	-	33
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	330	402	581**

*In some instances there was more than one abuser per case.
**In some cases an appropriate combination of two actions were taken.

NOTE:

1. "Source" designates the child caring agency which reported the abuse incident as well as the area where the abuse occurred.

2. "Other" under "Trauma" may mean: cruel disciplining, failure to thrive, severe beating, cut or torn lip, lacerated cheek, exposure to frost (frozen toes).

3. "Other" under "Abuser" may mean: baby sitter, putative father, mother's boyfriend, family's relative.

4. "Investigation only" denotes instances where the child was left at home and no action was taken due to inconclusive evidence that abuse actually took place.

5. "Further Investigation Pending" means the case has not been concluded as of December 31.

TABLE 6
HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY PROGRAM: PROGRAM CASELOAD
MOVEMENT BY CATEGORY OF SERVICE
JANUARY 1, 1983 TO DECEMBER 31, 1983

CASELOAD CATEGORY	NUMBER OF CASES JAN. 1/83	INTAKE	RECLASS IN	RECLASS OUT	OUTGO	NUMBER OF CASES DEC. 31/83	INTAKE CATEGORY AS A %
EMPLOYMENT SERVICES	72	27	232	172	113	46	2.0
VOCATIONAL COUNSELLING	503	1,267	458	974	745	509	92.0
VOCATIONAL TRAINING	211	17	318	224	118	204	1.2
WORK ASSESSMENT	26	5	33	36	9	19	.4
WORK TRAINING	2	-	15	6	4	7	-
HUMAN RESOURCES CENTRES	256	50	467	511	81	181	3.6
SPECIAL PROJECTS	17	6	78	86	4	11	.4
EMPLOYMENT SERVICES FOLLOW-UP COUNSELLING	128	6	546	138	363	179	.4
TOTAL	1,215	1,378	2,147	2,147	1,437	1,156	100.0
PENDING	133	1,213	-	-	1,177	169	
INCIDENTAL SERVICES*	JANUARY TO DECEMBER - 757						

* Incidental Services - Singular Counsellor involvement with an individual. (referral service, information giving etc.)

TABLE 7
HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY PROGRAM : APPLICATIONS
(NEW AND RE-OPENED CASES ONLY) BY SOURCE OF REFERRAL AND REGION
JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1983

REGIONAL OFFICE / SOURCE OF REFERRAL	INCOME SECURITY	PERSONAL SERVICE	MUNICIPAL	EXTERNAL AGENCIES	HUMAN RESOURCES CENTRES	SELF	TOTAL APPLICATIONS
CENTRAL	30	10	10	36	1	42	129
EASTMAN	35	8	9	24	-	15	91
INTERLAKE	25	6	17	14	-	28	90
PARKLAND	34	11	15	9	-	105	174
WESTMAN	66	9	53	45	2	73	248
WINNIPEG	591	2	-	4	6	8	611
TOTAL	781	46	104	132	9	271	1,343

TABLE 8
HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY PROGRAM
JOB PLACEMENT BY REGION
JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1983

REGION	METHOD OF PLACEMENT							
	SOCIAL ALLOWANCE				NON-SOCIAL ALLOWANCE		TOTAL	
	MOTHERS' ALLOWANCE		OTHER SOCIAL ALLOWANCE					
	BY E.S. STAFF	SELF	BY E.S. STAFF	SELF	BY E.S. STAFF	SELF	BY E.S. STAFF	SELF
CENTRAL	4	18	1	3	12	62	17	83
EASTMAN	4	11	6	8	20	33	30	52
INTERLAKE	7	8	4	2	16	17	27	27
PARKLAND	4	1	12	7	23	9	39	17
WESTMAN	26	3	42	3	61	9	129	15
WINNIPEG	40	51	2	3	9	12	51	66
TOTAL	85	92	67	26	141	142	293	260

TABLE 9
HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRES:
CALENDAR YEAR 1983

PROJECTS	IN CENTRES AT JANUARY 1, 1983	INTAKE DURING YEAR	TOTAL CLIENTS SERVED DURING YEAR	NUMBER THAT LEFT BEFORE COMPLETING THEIR TRAINING			COMPLETED PROGRAM (WERE CONSIDERED JOB READY UPON COMPLETION OF PROGRAM/A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER ATTAINED EMPLOY. IN A FEW WEEKS)	CLIENTS WHO COMPLETED THE PROGRAM AND WERE PLACED IN EMPLOYMENT OR FURTHER TRAINING	CLIENTS IN PROGRAM AT DECEMBER 31 1983
				DURING ASSESSMENT (1ST MONTH)	DURING REST OF PROGRAM (WITHDREW OR SUSPENDED)	REFERRED TO OTHER PROGRAMS WHICH COULD MORE APPROPRIATELY MEET THEIR NEEDS			
WINNIPEG HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	181	286	467	54	74	29	61	154	95
WESTMAN HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	108*	280	388	10	61	50	41	153	73
CENTRAL HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	48	124	172	6	21	25	17	63	40
PARKLANDS HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	39	100	139	3	49	10	16	34	27
INTERLAKE HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	48	70	118	5	13	4	26	37	33
THE PAS HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	30	66	96	1	23	4	10	27	31
EASTMAN HUMAN RESOURCES OPPORTUNITY CENTRE	41	60	101	3	8	2	20	42	26
TOTAL	495 *	986	1,481	82	249	124	191	510	325

Within the above totals the following Special Programming was carried out (A number of these participants were also involved in on site programming, as well as, Special Programs.):

Community Work Experience	683
C.O.P.E. (Mothers Allowance Pre-Employment Program)	67
Summer Student Program	82
Driver Education Program	22
Job Club	78

*Revised from 1982 Annual Report.

TABLE 10
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION SERVICES: TOTAL PERSONS SERVED AND TOTAL PERSONS PLACED OR MAINTAINED IN EMPLOYMENT, 1982 AND 1983

AGENCY/PROGRAM	TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED		TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS PLACED OR MAINTAINED IN EMPLOYMENT	
	1982	1983	1982	1983
MENTALLY HANDICAPPED	1,838	1,851	353	335
MENTALLY ILL	622	715	131	158
PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED				
- CANADIAN NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND	694	746	234	24
- SOCIETY FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN & ADULTS	10,216	10,459	680	647
- ALCOHOLISM FOUNDATION OF MANITOBA	6,084	6,793	*	*
- REGIONAL OFFICES	218	207	26	22
TOTAL	19,672	20,771	1,424	1,186

*While Alcoholism Foundation of Manitoba does not record employment statistics, the agency estimates that 90% of their male clientele and 30% of their female clientele are placed into employment or are able to continue in their employment.

TABLE 1
MENTAL RETARDATION CENTRES: ADMISSIONS AND SEPARATIONS; BY INSTITUTION - 1981 TO 1983

INSTITUTION	ADMISSIONS			SEPARATIONS			IN-PATIENTS AT DECEMBER 31			TOTAL UNDER TREATMENT*		
	1981	1982	1983	1981	1982	1983	1981	1982	1983	1981	1982	1983
ST. AMANT CENTRE	126	101	128	124	104	127	276	276	277	400	377	404
MANITOBA SCHOOL FOR RETARDATES	75	52	67	72	54	100	832	830	797	904	884	897
PELICAN LAKE TRAINING CENTRE	8	7	14	7	8	14	71	70	70	78	78	84
TOTAL	209	160	209	203	166	241	1,179	1,176	1,144	1,382	1,399	1,385

*Resident population at beginning of year plus total additions.

TABLE 2
MENTAL RETARDATION CENTRES; AVERAGE DAILY PATIENT POPULATION; BY INSTITUTION, 1979 TO 1983

INSTITUTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
ST. AMANT CENTRE	275.1	277.3	274.8	275.3	276.2
MANITOBA SCHOOL FOR RETARDATES	830.6	822.7	812.4	813.9	811.9
PELICAN LAKE TRAINING CENTRE	69.6	69.9	70.1	70.0	69.7

TABLE 3
MENTAL RETARDATION CENTRES: AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY FOR DISCHARGES; BY INSTITUTION - 1979 TO 1983

INSTITUTION		AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY				
		1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
ST. AMANT CENTRE	PATIENTS IN RESIDENCE 1 YEAR OR MORE	5.7 years	5.4 years	5.5 years	6.3 years	5.9 years
	PATIENTS IN RESIDENCE LESS THAN 1 YEAR	15.2 days	17.4 days	10.5 days	16.5 days	13.6 days
MANITOBA SCHOOL FOR RETARDATES	PATIENTS IN RESIDENCE 1 YEAR OR MORE	12.5 years	11.6 years	13.5 years	18.0 years	11.8 years
	PATIENTS IN RESIDENCE LESS THAN 1 YEAR	77.5 days	58.0 days	49.1 days	61.3 days	72.0 days

Table 1
Provincial Grants
to
Social Service Organizations
Fiscal Years 1981-82 and 1982-83 ($000)

I. Program Support Grants	1981-82	1982-83
A. Child and Family Services		
1. C.A.S. of Central Manitoba	919.4*	1,061.1*
2. C.A.S. of Eastern Manitoba	1,074.5*	1,228.1*
3. C.A.S. of Western Manitoba	1,193.9*	1,478.8*
4. C.A.S. of Winnipeg	4,505.3*	5,554.8*
5. Jewish Child and Family Service	87.0	94.6
6. Children's Home of Winnipeg	1,981.4*	2,254.0*
7. Knowles Centre	1,108.2*	1,244.2*
8. Marymound	2,074.0*	2,660.0*
9. Sir Hugh John Macdonald Memorial Hostel	1,541.5*	1,827.0*
10. Family Services of Winnipeg - Family Day Care	179.4*	258.8*
11. Manitoba Foster Parents Association	13.0	21.3
12. Health Sciences Centre - Parent Aide Project	87.1	114.2
13. Child Protection Program - Children's Hospital	-	95.2
B. Community Care and Services to Elderly		
1. Age and Opportunity Centre	215.3	350.0*
2. Brandon Civic Senior Citizens' Association	32.1	32.9
3. Meals on Wheels	26.0	35.5
4. Gordon Howard Seniors Centre	10.0	11.7
C. Vocational Rehabilitation Services		
1. A.R.M. Industries	308.4	429.9
2. Canadian National Institute for the Blind (Manitoba Division)	687.1*	847.0*
3. Skills Unlimited	272.3	316.8
4. Society for Crippled Children and Adults	2,849.5*	3,571.6*
5. Society - Employment Preparation Centre	231.5	281.6
6. Ten Ten Sinclair	385.3*	574.5*
7. Manitoba Council of Rehabilitative Services	-	24.2
8. Children's Rehabilitative Centre - Children's Hospital	-	3.4

	1981-82	1982-83
D. Care and Treatment of Mentally Retarded		
1. North Winnipeg Y.M.C.A. Summer Program	6.8	6.7
2. St. Amant Centre	7,411.3*	8,490.7*
3. St. Amant Day Care	212.4*	269.4*
4. Sanatorium Board - Pelican Lake	1,391.7*	1,697.3*
5. Steinbach Development Centre	63.8	72.2*
6. Winnipeg School Division No. 1- Multiply Handicapped	45.1	11.3
7. Manitoba Special Olympics Inc.	-	10.0
8. Winnserv Inc.	-	34.8
9. Hope Centre	-	10.0
E. Corrections		
1. John Howard and Elizabeth Fry Society of Manitoba	134.5	210.7
2. Native Clan	85.7	96.0
3. Open Circle	3.6	4.0
F. Friendship Centres		
1. Brandon Indian & Metis Friendship Centre	48.4	60.4
2. Dauphin Friendship Centre	63.2	80.1
3. Flin Flon Indian & Metis Friendship Centre	50.4	62.2
4. Indian & Metis Friendship Centre of Winnipeg	191.3	232.6
5. Lynn Lake Indian & Metis Friendship Centre	37.7	63.5
6. Ma-Mow-We-Tak, Thompson	62.4	82.7
7. Portage Friendship Centre	60.0	76.0
8. Selkirk Friendship Centre	49.3	66.8
9. Swan River Indian & Metis Friendship Centre	46.4	58.2
10. The Pas Friendship Centre	54.9	64.3
II. General Purpose Grants		
1. Big Brother/Sisters of Brandon	-	10.0
2. Brandon Citizen Advocacy	7.8	10.0
3. Canadian Association for the Mentally Retarded - Manitoba Division	90.1	96.0
4. Canadian Council on Social Development	10.3	11.3
5. Children's Home (Committee on Wife Abuse of Manitoba)	-	53.7
6. Citizen Advocacy Manitoba	27.6	30.4
7. City of Winnipeg - Rossbrook House	40.0	40.0
8. Four Nations Confederacy	144.5	-
9. Frontier College	10.0	10.0
10. Indian Child Welfare Association of Manitoba	-	2.5
11. Manitoba Metis Foundation	-	15.0
12. Manitoba Society of Criminology	5.5	6.1
13. Social Planning Council of Winnipeg	43.5	47.0
14. Thompson Crisis Centre	49.2	69.0
15. Volunteer Centre	59.2	30.2
16. Youth Guidance Winnipeg	-	30.0

*Subject to adjustment.

TABLE 1
JUVENILE PROBATION CASELOAD MOVEMENT: BY TYPE -
WINNIPEG - 1982, 1983

	NEW INTAKE		PROBATION WITH OR WITHOUT PLACEMENT		AFTERCARE		REHABILITATION CENTRE		BAIL * SUPERVISION		TOTAL	
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
BEGINNING OF YEAR	777	820	547	494	21	24	72	45	-	-	1,417	1,383
CASES OPENED	4,399	2,998	791	697	37	30	76	99	-	260	5,303	4,084
TOTAL CASES SERVED	5,176	3,818	1,338	1,191	58	54	148	144	-	260	6,720	5,467
CASES CLOSED	4,356	3,310	844	589	34	35	103	59	-	158	5,337	4,151
END OF YEAR	820	508	494	602	24	19	45	85	-	102	1,383	1,316

*This is a new category of supervision begun in July of 1983.

TABLE 2
JUVENILE PROBATION CASELOAD MOVEMENT: BY TYPE-
THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA - 1982, 1983

	NEW INTAKE		PROBATION WITH OR WITHOUT PLACEMENT		AFTERCARE		REHABILITATION CENTRE		BAIL * SUPERVISION		TOTAL	
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,720	1,443	1,292	1,166	32	36	119	88	-	-	3,163	2,733
CASES OPENED	7,527	5,596	1,783	1,774	73	71	146	193	-	273	9,529	7,907
TOTAL CASES SERVED	9,247	7,039	3,075	2,940	105	107	265	281	-	273	12,692	10,640
CASES CLOSED	7,804	6,132	1,909	1,710	69	67	177	152	-	165	9,959	8,226
END OF YEAR	1,443	907	1,166	1,230	36	40	88	129	-	108	2,733	2,414

*This is a new category of supervision begun in July of 1983.

TABLE 3
JUVENILE PROBATION ASSESSMENTS
BY TYPE - PROVINCIAL TOTALS, 1983

TYPE OF ASSESSMENT	1983
PRE-DISPOSITION REPORT (COMPREHENSIVE)	327
PRE-DISPOSITION REPORT	1,264
SUPPLEMENTARY OR FORENSIC	370
COMMUNITY INVESTIGATION	93
POST SENTENCE SUMMARY	304
NON-JUDICIAL REPORT	2,119
PRE-RELEASE ASSESSMENT	276
BAIL ASSESSMENT	147
COMMUNITY SERVICE ORDER ASSESSMENT	105
CROWN REFERRAL NEW INTAKE	323
PROVINCIAL TOTAL	5,328

TABLE 4
MANITOBA YOUTH CENTRE NUMBER OF RESIDENTS ADMITTED ANNUALLY: BY SEX - 1980 TO 1983

YEAR	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL
1980	2,551	584	3,135
1981	2,737	540	3,277
1982	2,430	617	3,047
1983	2,368	544	2,912

TABLE 5
MANITOBA YOUTH CENTRE AVERAGE NUMBER OF RESIDENTS PER DAY 1980 TO 1983

YEAR	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL
1980	75.8	14.6	90.4
1981	78.0	11.9	89.9
1982	59.7	9.8	69.5
1983	61.9	12.6	74.5

TABLE 6
MANITOBA YOUTH CENTRE
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY PER RESIDENT - 1980 TO 1983

YEAR	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL
1980	12.0	10.0	11.6
1981	11.3	9.2	11.0
1982	9.4	6.6	8.8
1983	10.4	9.2	10.2

TABLE 7
MANITOBA YOUTH CENTRE
CHILDREN RELEASED; BY AGE AND SEX - 1982, 1983

AGE	BOYS		GIRLS		TOTAL	
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
12 AND UNDER	144	106	14	21	158	127
13 YEARS	164	151	44	49	208	200
14 YEARS	292	309	88	74	380	383
15 YEARS	506	481	158	122	664	603
16 YEARS	622	613	160	136	782	749
17 YEARS	690	731	149	140	839	871
18 YEARS	1	1	-	-	1	1
TOTAL	2,419	2,392	613	542	3,032	2,934

TABLE 8
MANITOBA YOUTH CENTRE JUVENILES RELEASED FROM DETENTION:
BY REASONS FOR ADMISSION - 1982, 1983

REASONS FOR ADMISSION	1982			1983		
	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL
OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON	452	96	548	400	70	470
- MURDER; MANSLAUGHTER	2	-	2	-	-	-
- ASSAULT; ASSAULT CAUSING BODILY HARM	153	47	200	154	46	200
- ROBBERY (ARMED OR WITH VIOLENCE)	30	10	40	29	3	32
- SEX OFFENCE	24	1	25	35	2	37
- OTHER	243	38	281	182	19	201
OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY	1,558	323	1,881	1,550	268	1,818
- BREAK, ENTER AND THEFT*	622	53	675	600	42	642
- AUTO THEFT	69	12	81	83	5	88
- THEFT	683	205	888	662	183	845
- FORGE AND UTTER; FALSE PRETENSES	29	12	41	19	4	23
- POSSESSION OF STOLEN GOODS	109	31	140	135	20	155
- ARSON	6	-	6	11	3	14
- OTHER	40	10	50	40	11	51
OFFENCES AGAINST SELF	372	192	564	361	202	563
- BREACH OF NARCOTICS CONTROL ACT	59	10	69	41	13	54
- BREACH OF FOOD AND DRUG ACT	3	-	3	1	3	4
- BREACH OF LIQUOR CONTROL ACT	165	117	282	178	83	261
- BREACH OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC ACT	25	3	28	18	5	23
- SUBSTANCE ABUSE	-	1	1	-	-	-
- OTHER	120	61	181	123	98	221
CHILD WELFARE ACT	37	2	39	81	2	83
TOTAL	2,419	613	3,032	2,392	542	2,934

*Includes Break and Enter; Attempt Break and Enter.

TABLE 9
MANITOBA YOUTH CENTRE JUVENILES RELEASED FROM DETENTION
BY DISPOSITION, BY SEX - 1982, 1983

DISPOSITION	1982				1983			
	BOYS		GIRLS		BOYS		GIRLS	
	J.D.A.	C.W.A.	J.D.A.	C.W.A.	J.D.A.	C.W.A.	J.D.A.	C.W.A.
TO PARENT, GUARDIAN OR RELATIVE	1,865	-	413	-	1,803	13	345	-
TO REHAB. CENTRE	81	31	42	2	122	67	35	2
TO RESIDENT INSTITUTION	59	6	11	-	70	-	26	-
TO GROUP HOME	172	-	77	-	162	-	84	-
TO FOSTER HOME	62	-	27	-	35	1	18	-
TRANSFERRED - ADULT COURT	27	-	3	-	26	-	-	-
OTHER*	116	-	38	-	93	-	32	-
TOTAL	2,382	37	611	2	2,311	81	540	2

*Other includes Hospital, Self, Escape Lawful Custody, Unlawfully at Large and Missing Persons.

TABLE 10
AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH AND DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH: ADMISSIONS BY AGE - 1982, 1983

AGE ON ADMISSION	AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH		DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH			
	1982	1983	1982		1983	
			GIRLS	BOYS	GIRLS	BOYS
UNDER 15	6	9	-	-	-	-
15 YEARS	20	37	3	2	-	1
16 YEARS	40	63	4	4	9	5
17 AND OVER	37	70	3	4	4	3
TOTAL	103	179	10	10	13	9

TABLE 11
AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH AND DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH: MONTHLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES: AND AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION - 1982, 1983

MONTHLY AVERAGE	AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH		DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH			
	1982	1983	1982		1983	
			GIRLS	BOYS	GIRLS	BOYS
ADMISSIONS	8.6	14.9	.8	.9	1.1	.8
DISCHARGES	11.5	11.7	1.1	.5	.5	.7
AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION	72.9	90.6	5.8	2.5	10	7

TABLE 12
AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH AND DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH:
AVERAGE DAYS STAY PER DISCHARGE - 1981 TO 1983

YEAR	AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH	DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH		TOTAL*
		GIRLS	BOYS	
1981**	256	265	N/A	257
1982	235	348	173	242
1983	201	238	248	205

*weighted average
**During 1981 only girls were held at the Doncaster Centre.

TABLE 13
AGASSIZ AND DONCASTER YOUTH CENTRES NUMBER OF J.D.A.'S AND C.W.A.'S CASES ADMITTED AND DISCHARGED - 1981 TO 1983

YEAR	AGASSIZ CENTRE FOR YOUTH				DONCASTER CENTRE FOR YOUTH*							
	ADMITTED		DISCHARGED		ADMITTED				DISCHARGED			
	JDA	CWA	JDA	CWA	JDA		CWA		JDA		CWA	
					GIRLS	BOYS	GIRLS	BOYS	GIRLS	BOYS	GIRLS	BOYS
1981	125	8	103	7	7	N/A	4	N/A	10	N/A	6	N/A
1982	93	10	129	9	9	10	1	-	10	5	3	-
1983	167	12	134	7	12	9	1	-	6	8	-	-

JDA - refers to juveniles committed under the Juvenile Delinquent's Act
CWA - refers to juveniles held under the Child Welfare Act.
* During 1981 only girls were held at the Doncaster Centre.

TABLE 1
ADULT PROBATION AND PAROLE SERVICES: CASELOAD MOVEMENT
BY TYPE - WINNIPEG - 1982, 1983

	NEW INTAKE		PROBATION		BAIL SUPERVISION*		PRISON & PROBATION				TOTAL	
							IN PRISON		ON PROBATION			
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
BEGINNING OF YEAR	40	51	778	909	-	-	172	206	192	170	1,183	1,336
CASES OPENED	365	460	1,569	1,121	-	386	322	291	302	214	2,561	2,472
TOTAL CASES SERVED	405	511	2,347	2,030	-	386	494	497	494	384	3,744	3,808
CASES CLOSED	354	453	1,438	1,164	-	215	288	218	324	153	2,405	2,203
END OF YEAR	51	58	909	866	-	171	206	279	170	231	1,339	1,605

*This is a new category of supervision begun in July of 1983.

TABLE 2
ADULT PROBATION AND PAROLE SERVICES: CASELOAD MOVEMENT
BY TYPE - PROVINCE OF MANITOBA - 1982, 1983

	NEW INTAKE		PROBATION		BAIL SUPERVISION*		PRISON AND PROBATION				TOTAL	
							IN PRISON		ON PROBATION			
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
BEGINNING OF YEAR	124	117	1,132	1,319	-	-	268	281	292	281	1,819	1,998
CASES OPENED	988	1,095	2,120	1,880	-	389	490	477	453	374	4,054	4,215
TOTAL CASES SERVED	1,112	1,212	3,252	3,199	-	389	758	758	745	655	5,873	6,213
CASES CLOSED	995	1,072	1,933	1,836	-	215	477	375	464	291	3,872	3,789
END OF YEAR	117	140	1,319	1,363	-	174	281	383	281	364	2,001	2,424

TABLE 3
ADULT PROBATION ASSESSMENTS
BY TYPE - PROVINCIAL TOTALS, 1983

TYPE OF ASSESSMENT	1983
PRE-SENTENCE REPORT (COMPREHENSIVE)	350
PRE-SENTENCE REPORT	627
SUPPLEMENTARY OR FORENSIC	36
COMMUNITY INVESTIGATION	54
POST SENTENCE SUMMARY	438
PAROLE REPORT	-
COMMUNITY SERVICE ORDER /BAIL ASSESSMENT	79
PROVINCIAL TOTAL	1,584

TABLE 4
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS:
RESIDENT POPULATION - JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1983

RESIDENT POPULATION	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON			DAUPHIN			THE PAS			PORTAGE	WINNIPEG REMAND CENTRE		TOTAL
	MALE	M	F	J5	M	F	J5	M	F	J5	FEMALE	M	F	
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR[1]	505	110	-	3	26	-	-	76	2	-	47	104	11	884
ADMISSIONS	4,074	1,950	250	174	745	51	24	1184	134	149	294	16,478	2,253	27,760
RELEASES	4,030	1,943	250	177	728	51	24	1178	135	149	309	16,454	2,257	27,685
AT END OF YEAR[1]	549	117	-	-	43	-	-	82	1	-	32	128	7	959
TOTAL RESIDENT DAYS[2]	143,953	39,978			10,596			21,322			13,226	64,516		293,591
AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION[3]	381.4	103.1			26.7			54.5			34.5	125.6		725.8
MAXIMUM POPULATION[4]	433	136			43			70			53	170		----
MINIMUM POPULATION[4]	291	61			18			38			22	82		----
CAMPS														
TOTAL RESIDENT DAYS	13,501	1,340*						11,131						25,972
AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION	34.4	14.4						29.9						78.7

1 Resident Population at beginning and end of year are the total number of residents under the legal jurisdiction of each institution.
2 Total Resident Days is derived by adding the population at midnight to those inmates released during the preceding 24 hours.
3 Average Daily Population is the total number of residents in the institution each midnight divided by the days in the period.
4 Maximum and Minimum Population counts the number of inmates present in the institution at midnight. These highs and lows do not necessarily occur on the same day and are, therefore, not additive.
5 Juveniles are detained in the Juvenile Section of Adult Institutions pending their transfer to Juvenile Institutions.
NOTE: Admissions and Releases in this table reflect the daily movement of inmates within the provincial correctional system and differ from those in subsequent tables which reflect the formal admissions to and releases from the Provincial Correctional System.
*Spruce Woods Rehabilitation Camp was closed at the end of March, 1983.

TABLE 5
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS[1] ALL
ADMISSIONS[2] BY MARITAL STATUS - 1983

MARITAL STATUS	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	TOTAL
SINGLE	1,692	738	310	542	111	3,393
MARRIED	383	192	57	155	27	814
WIDOWED	13	21	5	9	4	52
DIVORCED	75	62	5	26	12	180
SEPARATED	103	85	28	54	24	294
COMMON-LAW	408	215	83	121	69	896
NOT KNOWN	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2,674	1,313	488	907	247	5,629

[1] This table excludes data for the Winnipeg Remand Centre

[2] Includes offenders sentenced, remanded for trial and pre-court residents.

TABLE 6
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS[1]
ALL ADMISSIONS[2] BY EDUCATIONAL LEVEL - 1983

EDUCATION LEVEL	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	TOTAL
NO FORMAL EDUCATION	25	10	9	37	2	83
GRADE 9 OR LESS	1,093	547	300	563	143	2,646
TO GRADE 13	1,467	652	168	268	89	2,644
COLLEGE	32	25	4	21	6	88
UNIVERSITY	51	45	6	13	7	122
NOT KNOWN	6	34	1	5	-	46
TOTAL	2,674	1,313	488	907	247	5,629

[1] This table excludes data for the Winnipeg Remand Centre

[2] Includes offenders sentenced, remanded for trial and pre-court residents.

TABLE 7
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION[1]:
ALL ADMISSIONS[2] BY AGE GROUP - 1983

AGE GROUP	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	TOTAL
15 - 17	19	8	1	8	3	39
18 - 19	304	196	86	141	17	744
20 - 24	872	439	162	290	81	1,844
25 - 29	542	211	97	165	60	1,075
30 - 34	334	150	49	89	37	659
35 - 39	268	112	36	67	24	507
40 - 44	140	63	13	66	12	294
45 - 49	84	53	20	50	10	217
50+	111	81	24	31	3	250
TOTAL	2,674	1,313	488	907	247	5,629

[1]This table excludes data for the Winnipeg Remand Centre

[2]Includes offenders sentenced, remanded for trial and pre-court residents.

TABLE 8
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS[1]
SENTENCED OFFENDERS[2] BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENCE[3] - 1983

TYPE OF OFFENCE	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	TOTAL
MURDER, ATTEMPTED MURDER	3	1	1	1	-	6
OTHER HOMICIDES	2	-	1	1	3	7
RAPE, OTHER SEX OFFENCES	51	10	3	9	-	73
ASSAULT/WOUND/KIDNAP	174	31	20	87	14	326
DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES/WEAPONS	46	10	16	23	1	96
ROBBERY, EXTORTION	68	14	7	10	6	105
HOUSEBREAK OFFENCES	323	82	56	69	10	540
THEFTS AND SIMILAR	368	55	21	39	44	527
POSSESS STOLEN GOODS	67	19	2	4	3	95
FRAUDULENT OFFENCES	84	27	4	6	11	132
DRIVE DANGEROUSLY/NEGLIGENCE	74	15	9	2	-	100
FAIL/REFUSE BREATHALYSER	111	15	9	13	7	155
DRIVE OVER .08—ALCOHOL	387	172	72	53	28	712
DRIVE SUSPENDED/IMPAIRED	154	31	9	16	6	216
OTHER CRIMINAL CODE OFFENCES	146	79	29	84	30	368
NARCOTICS OFFENCES	108	17	1	22	8	156
OTHER FEDERAL OFFENCES	21	7	3	22	4	57
HIGHWAY TRAFFIC ACT	146	13	6	6	5	176
LIQUOR CONTROL ACT	80	49	22	69	9	229
OTHER PROVINCIAL OFFENCES	23	18	-	6	-	47
MUNICIPAL BY-LAWS	2	-	1	-	-	3
TOTAL	2,438	665	292	542	189	4,126

1 This table excludes data from the Winnipeg Remand Centre.

2 Also includes residents whose status changed to sentenced.

3 Although individuals may be charged with multiple offences, only one offence has been tabulated for each sentenced offender.
Most Serious Offence was selected according to the following criteria:
(1) If there were several sentences the offence selected would be that for which the heaviest punishment was awarded.
(2) If the sentences were the same the offence selected is the more serious one as measured by the maximum penalty allowed by law.

TABLE 9
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS[1]:
SENTENCED OFFENDERS[2] BY LENGTH OF SENTENCE[3] - 1983

LENGTH OF SENTENCE	HEADINGLY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	TOTAL
7 DAYS AND UNDER	107	63	30	76	7	283
8 TO 30 DAYS	760	272	106	145	77	1,360
31 TO 60 DAYS	250	66	24	52	19	411
61 TO 90 DAYS	161	29	20	33	18	261
91 TO 120 DAYS	229	37	19	43	18	346
121 TO 180 DAYS	161	27	14	36	10	248
181 TO 270 DAYS	260	51	32	60	21	424
271 TO 365 DAYS	153	33	14	41	10	251
366 TO 455 DAYS	102	24	9	22	5	162
456 TO 545 DAYS	43	16	2	5	-	66
546 TO 729 DAYS	106	39	13	23	-	181
730 DAYS AND OVER	106	8	9	6	4	133
LT. GOVERNOR'S PLEASURE	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2,438	665	292	542	189	4,126

1 This table excludes data from the Winnipeg Remand Centre.

2 Also includes those residents whose status changed to "sentenced".

3 Refers to aggregate sentence to be served for each time admitted.

TABLE 10
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS[1]:
PERSONS DETAINED UNDER "INTOXICATED PERSONS DETENTION ACT"
1981 TO 1983

YEAR	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	WINNIPEG REMAND CENTRE	TOTAL
1981	31	871	106	4,243	5,251
1982	14	791	64	4,883	5,752
1983	6	704	50	4,130	4,890

[1] Neither The Pas nor Portage Correctional Institution hold persons under the Intoxicated Persons Detention Act.

TABLE 11
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS[1]:
PAROLE CERTIFICATES AND TEMPORARY ABSENCES - 1983

PAROLE CERTIFICATES AND TEMPORARY ABSENCES	HEADINGLEY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	TOTAL
DAY PAROLE CERTIFICATES GRANTED	58	54	-	12	6	130
FULL PAROLE GRANTED	48	21	10	16	12	107
TEMPORARY ABSENCES	2,240	583	117	470	151	3,561

[1] This table excludes data for the Winnipeg Remand Centre

TABLE 12
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS:
ALL DISCHARGES[1] BY REASON FOR DISCHARGE - 1983

REASONS FOR DISCHARGE	HEADINGLY	BRANDON	DAUPHIN	THE PAS	PORTAGE	WINNIPEG REMAND CENTRE	TOTAL
EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE	1,838	483	178	448	173	111	3,231
PAYMENT OF FINE	189	47	13	24	13	489	775
BY EXCORT	8	20	6	49	1	142	226
ON PAROLE	48	21	10	16	12	4	111
TRANSFER TO PROVINCIAL INSTITUTION	150	145	103	71	43	1,953	2,465
TRANSFER TO FEDERAL INSTITUTION	180	18	12	5	4	172	391
RELEASED OWN RECOGNIZANCE	2	193	11	73	3	4,747	5,02
ON APPEAL	13	-	-	-	1	-	1
ON BAIL	69	83	4	1	6	1,271	1,43
RELEASED AT COURT	88	286	123	125	4	888	1,51
TO IMMIGRATION	3	-	-	-	-	28	3
DEATH	2	2	-	-	-	-	
OTHER	19	9	10	92	2	55	18
TOTAL	2,609	1,307	470	904	262	9,860	15,41

1 Includes those offenders sentenced, remanded for trial and pre-court residents.

TABLE 13
ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS: JUVENILES[1] HELD
IN JUVENILE SECTION: 1982-1983

	BRANDON		DAUPHIN		THE PAS		TOTAL	
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	3
ADMISSIONS	292	174	89	24	95	149	476	347
DISCHARGES	290	177	89	24	95	149	474	350
END OF YEAR	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
TOTAL RESIDENT DAYS	1,352	868	144	41	202	407	1,698	1,316
AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION	2.9	1.9	0.1	0.04	0.3	0.7	3.3	2.6

[1] Includes Juveniles held under "Child Welfare Act" and "Juvenile Delinquents Acts".

TABLE 1
MARRIAGE CONCILIATION SERVICE:
TYPES OF SERVICES PERFORMED,
1981 TO 1983

SERVICES	1981	1982	1983
R.E.M.O., COUNSELLING AND ASSESSMENT INTERVIEWS	3,458	3,576	3,174
RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT CASELOAD	780	1,275	1,418
COURT REPORTS	127	116	142
STATUATORY DECLARATIONS	N/A	N/A	326
TOTAL LETTERS	3,502	4,223	4,745
TOTAL TELEPHONE CALLS	12,943	13,090	12,443

TABLE 2
MARRIAGE CONCILIATION SERVICE:
ACTIVE CASELOAD BY TYPE, 1982 AND 1983

CASELOAD	1982	1983
1. THE CHILD WELFARE, FAMILY MAINTENANCE AND MARRIAGE ACTS	609	538
2. RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF MAINTENANCE ACT	1,275	1,418
3. a) COURT ORDERED REPORTS ON CUSTODY AND ACCESS	116	139
b) WITHDRAW OR CANCELLED	40	50
4. MARRIAGE ACT COURT REPORTS	9	3
5. a) COURT REFERRED MEDIATION	30	24
b) VOLUNTARY REFERRALS	N/A	154
6. MARITAL AND SEPARATION COUNSELLING	1,671	1,012
TOTAL CASELOAD	3,750*	3,338

* Revised from 1982 Annual Report.

TABLE 3
MARRIAGE CONCILIATION SERVICE:
RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF MAINTENANCE, 1982 AND 1983

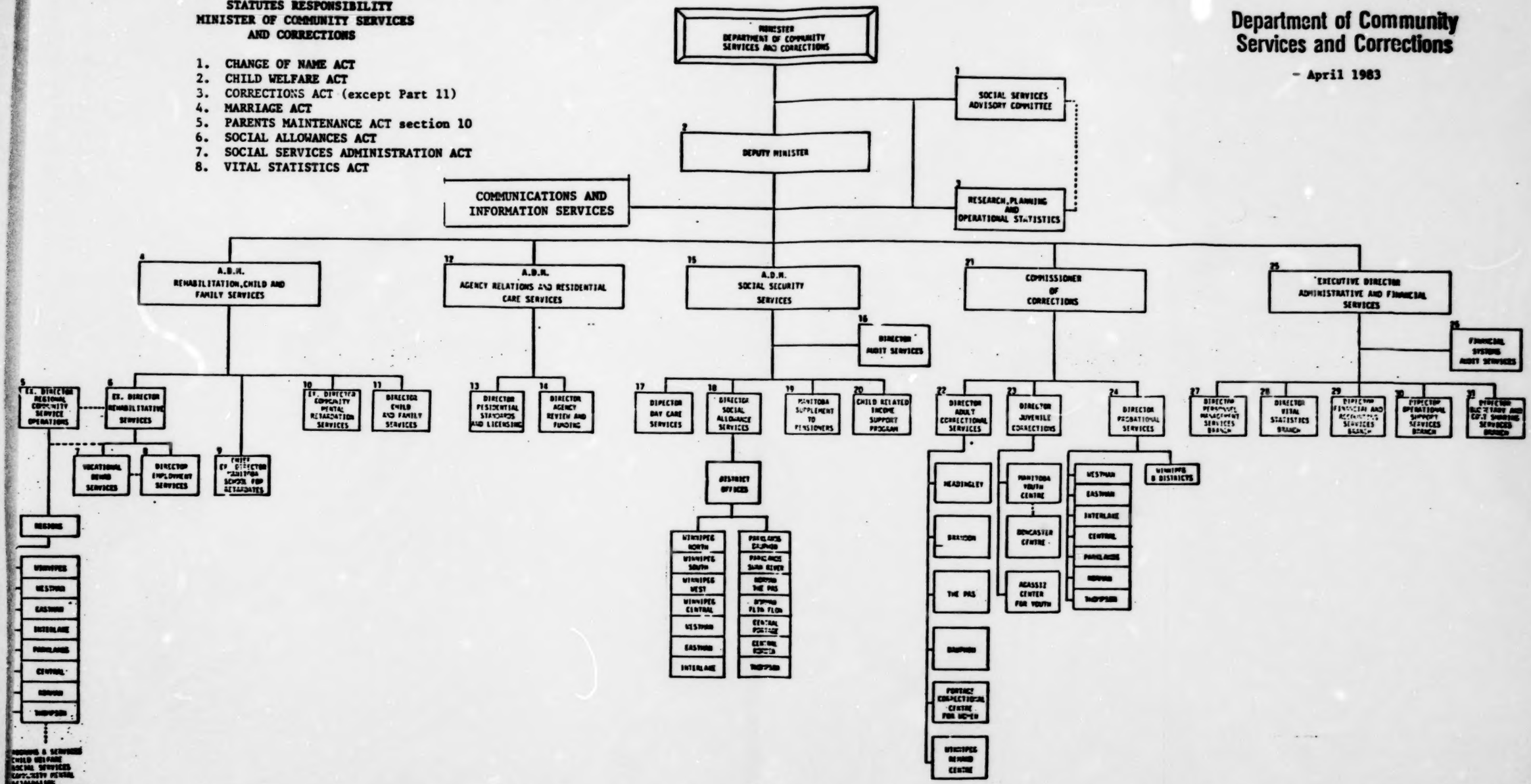
SERVICES	1982	1983
OFFICE VISITS	482	393
TELEPHONE CALLS	4,748	5,291
LETTERS	2,905	3,411
STATUTORY DECLARATIONS	325	326
OPEN CASELOAD	1,275	1,418

STATUTES RESPONSIBILITY
MINISTER OF COMMUNITY SERVICES AND CORRECTIONS

1. CHANGE OF NAME ACT
2. CHILD WELFARE ACT
3. CORRECTIONS ACT (except Part 11)
4. MARRIAGE ACT
5. PARENTS MAINTENANCE ACT section 10
6. SOCIAL ALLOWANCES ACT
7. SOCIAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION ACT
8. VITAL STATISTICS ACT

Department of Community Services and Corrections

- April 1983



POOR

QUALITY

ORIGINAL